

"Your Trusted Source for

**Uninterrupted Energy**"

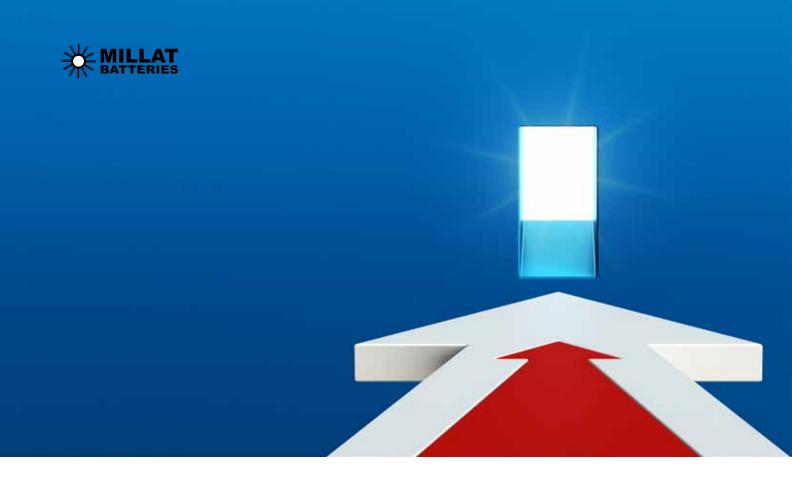








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# **V**ision

To be a top quality battery producing company in Pakistan.



### Mission

To produce top quality battery by using skilled labor on sophisticated machines and by utilizing best available materials to ensure entire satisfaction of customers and stakeholders.





## Corporate Information

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan (Chairman)

Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana

Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari

Mr. Muhammad Mustafa Khan

Mr. Muhammad Mustafa Sohail

Mr. Shehryar Ansari

Mr. Qaiser Saleem

### BOARD'S AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari (Chairman)

Mr. Muhammad Mustafa Khan (Member)

Mr. Muhammad Mustafa Sohail (Member)

Mr. Shehryar Ansari (Member)

Mr. Qaiser Saleem (Member)

### **CHIEF EXECUTIVE**

Mr. Ghulam Mustafa

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Zeeshan Yousaf

### CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Zeeshan Yousaf

### **AUDITORS**

Ilyas Saeed & Co.

**Chartered Accountants** 





### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Habib Bank Limited United Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan Bank Alfalah Limited Meezan Bank Limited Soneri Bank Limited

### REGISTERED ADDRESS

8.8 K.M., Lahore, Sheikhupura Road, Shahdara, Lahore. Ph: 042-111 200 786

### WEBSITE

www.millatbatteries.com

### **FACTORY**

49 K.M., Off Multan Road, Bhai Pheru Distt. Kasur. Ph: 049-4540128, 4540528 Fax: 049-4540328

### **EMAIL ADDRESS**

mipl@mill at batteries.com





Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan Chairman



Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana Director



Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari Director



Mr. Muhammad Mustafa Khan Director



Mr. Muhammad Mustafa Sohail Director



Mr. Shehryar Ansari Director



Mr. Qaiser Saleem Director



Mr. Ghulam Mustafa Chief Executive



### NOTICE OF 23rd ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 23rd Annual General Meeting of Millat Industrial Products Limited will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 8.8 K.M. Sheikhupura Road, Shahdara, Lahore, on Friday, October 18, 2024 at 11.45 A.M to transact the following business:

#### Ā. ORDINARY BUSINESS

- To confirm minutes of  $22^{nd}$  Annual General Meeting held on October 30, 2023. 1)
- To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statemens of the company for the year 2) ended June 30, 2024 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- 3) To approve final cash dividend of Rs.7 per share i.e.,70%.
- To appoint auditors and fix their remuneration for the year ending June 30, 2025.

### **B. SPECIAL BUSINESS**

5) To ratify and approve transactions conducted with Related Parties for the year ended June 30, 2024 by passing the following special resolution with or without modification.

"Resolved that the following transactions conducted with Related Parties for the year ended June 30, 2024 be and are hereby ratified, approved and confirmed."

### 2024 (AMOUNTS IN RUPEES)

NAME(S)	PURCHASES	SALES
MILLAT TRACTORS LIMITED	-	690,609,059
TOTAL	-	690,609,059

To authorize Chief Executive of the Company to approve transactions with Related Parties for the year ending June 30,2025 by passing the following special resolution with or without modification.

"Resolved that the Chief Executive of the Company be and is hereby authorized to approve the transactions with Related Parties during the period from July 01, 2024 till the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

"Resolved further that these transactions shall be placed before the shareholders in the next Annual General Meeting for their ratification/approval."



C. ANY OTHER BUSINESS

7) To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By order of the Board

William Di

Lahore: September 27, 2024 Zeeshan Yousaf Company Secretary

### NOTES:

- 1. The share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from October 12, 2024 to October 18, 2024 (both days inclusive) and no transfer will be accepted during this period.
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another member as his/ her proxy to attend the meeting and vote for him/her. Proxies in order to be effective must be received by the Company not less than 48 hours before the meeting.
- 3. Shareholders are requested to notify the change of address, if any, immediately and submit, if applicable, the CZ-50 Form (for non deduction of Zakat) to the Company at 49 K.M Off Multan Road Bahi Pheru District Kasur. This will assist in prompt receipt of Dividend.
- 4. Members who have not yet submitted photocopy of their computerized National identity Card (CNIC) to the company are requested to send the same at the earliest.
- 5. As per regulations the dividend warrants should bear the Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) Numbers of the registered members or the authorized person except in the case of minor(s) and corporate members. CNIC numbers of the members are, therefore, mandatory for the issuance of future dividend warrants and in the absence of such information, payment of dividend may be withheld. Therefore, the members who have not yet provided their CNICs are once again advised to provide the attested copies of their CNICs (if not already provided) to the Company.
- 6. The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide SRO 787(1)/2014 dated September 08, 2014 has allowed companies to circulate annual balance sheet, profit & loss account, auditors' report and directors report along with notice of annual general meeting to its members through e-mail. Members who wish to avail this facility may give their consent to the Company Secretary.

#### STATEMENT U/S 134(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017

This statement sets out the material facts pertaining to the special business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on October 18, 2024.

#### AGENDA ITEM NO.5

Approval/Ratification of Related Party Transactions (RPTs) conducted during Financial year ended on June 30, 2024.

Pursuant to Companies Act, 2017, the transactions conducted with group companies are to be approved/ratified by the shareholders in general meeting as the majority of Company Directors were interested in these transactions due to their common directorship and holding of shares in the group companies, the quorum of directors could not be formed for approval of these transactions, therefore the transactions with group companies for the year ended June 30, 2024 are being placed before the shareholders for their consideration and approval/ratification.

It may be noted that principal activity of the company is manufacture of batteries for tractors and other automobiles. The commercial reason for entering into RPTs was uninterrupted smooth supply throughout the year.

The information of the Related party transactions as required under Regulation 5(1) of the Companies (Related Party Transactions and Maintenance of Related Records) Regulations, 2018 is as under: -



Sr.#	Information Required	Details
1	Name of Related Parties	Millat Tractors Limited, Millat Equipment Limited and Bolan Castings Limited
2	Names of interested or concerned persons or directors from	M/s. Sikandar Mustafa Khan, Sohail Bashir Rana, Laeeq Uddin Ansari, Muhammad Mustafa Khan, Muhammad Mustafa Sohail, Qaiser Saleem, Shehryar Ansari.
3	Nature of relationship, interest or concern along with complete information of financial or other interest or concern of directors, managers or key managerial personnel in related party	companies.
4	Detail, description, terms and conditions of transactions	Sale of automotive batteries against confirmed orders.
5	Amount of Transactions	As disclosed in item 05 of notice of AGM.
6	Time frame or duration of the transactions or contracts or arrangements.	·
7	Pricing Policy	At mutually agreed price

The Directors are interested in the resolution to the extent of their common directorships and shareholding in the group companies.

### **AGENDA ITEM NO.6**

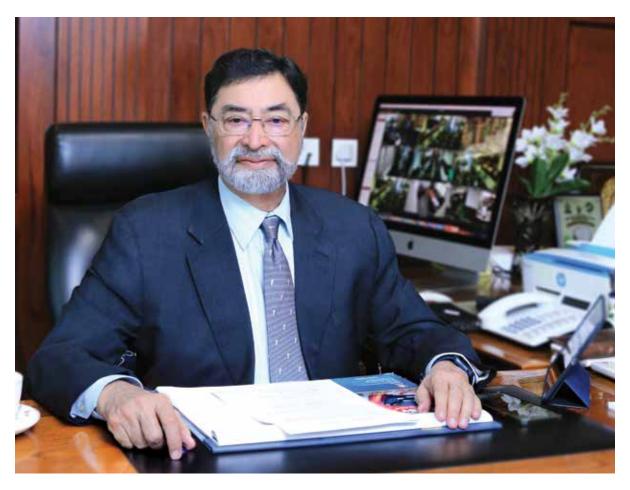
### Authorization to CEO For Related Party Transactions (RPTs)

The Company shall be conducting Related Party Transactions (RPTs) with group companies during the year ending June 30, 2025 in the normal course of business. The majority of Directors are interested in these transactions due to their common directorship and shareholding in the group companies. Therefore, these transactions with group companies have to be approved by the shareholders.

In order to ensure smooth supply during the year, the shareholders may authorize the Chief Executive to approve transactions with group on case to case basis from July 01, 2024 till the next AGM. However, these transactions shall be placed before the shareholders in the next AGM for their approval/ratification.

The Directors are interested in the resolution to the extent of their common directorships and shareholding in the group companies.





### Directors' Report to the Shareholders For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

The Board of Directors is pleased to present the 23<sup>rd</sup> Annual Report, along with the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2024.

### ACCOUNTS / APPROPRIATIONS

Financial results for the year are as follows:

Accumulated profit Brought Forward

Rs. 406,109,845
Profit for the year before tax

Rs. 439,577,283
Less: Current Taxation

Rs. (161,380,210)
Less: Dividend paid @Rs.15/share during the year

Profit carried forward

Rs. 529,870,428

The Board of Directors recommends a final cash dividend of Rs.7 per share, i.e., 70% for the year ended June 30, 2024.

### PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

The pattern of shareholding as on June 30, 2024 is annexed.

### EARNING PER SHARE

The Earning per share (EPS) for the year was Rs.27.02 an increased from Rs.26.54 in the previous year.

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The present Board is composed of eight directors of which seven directors were elected in the 22nd Annual General Meeting of the Company held on October 30, 2023. `



During the year, five board meetings were held. The names of the directors are as under:

### Name of Director(s)

Mr. Sikandar M. Khan (Chairman)

Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana

Mr. Laeeg Uddin Ansari

Mr. Muhammad Mustafa Khan

Mr. Muhammad Mustafa Sohail

Mr. Shehryar Ansari

Mr. Qaiser Saleem

Mr. Ghulam Mustafa (CEO)

#### **BOARD'S AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Board of Directors had constituted an Audit Committee comprising of the following members:

Mr. Laeeq Uddin Ansari	Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Mustafa Khan	Member
Mr. Muhammad Mustafa Sohail	Member
Mr. Mr. Shehryar Ansari	Member
Mr. Qaiser Saleem	Member

The Audit Committee reviewed the quarterly, half-yearly, and annual financial statements before their submission to the Board. The committee also assessed the findings of the internal audit.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES, DEVELOPMENT AND PERFORMANCE OF COMPANY'S BUSINESS

The Company is engaged in manufacturing and selling vehicular, industrial, and domestic batteries. The financial statements provide a true and fair view of the Company's affairs. "Millat Batteries" has established itself as a quality brand.

We have introduced solar batteries with enhanced backup time to meet the demand of solar customers, and there has been an increase in the sales of deep cycle batteries. Additionally, maintenance-free batteries have been successfully marketed. Motorcycle batteries also been launched.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company faces significant risks, including fluctuations in raw material prices, the increased cost of imported materials due to the devaluation of the Rupee, and the entry of new competitors. These factors have impacted profit margins during the year. The nature of the business remains unchanged.

#### **FUTURE PROSPECTS OF PROFIT**

The Company is targeting an improvement in after-tax profit by setting ambitious sales goals for the next financial year. We will counter new market entrants and evolving dynamics with a focus on quality and cost control.

### ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

Adequate internal financial controls are in place and being implemented by concerned personals. Additionally, the same are being monitored by internal audit department on regular basis.

### MAIN TRENDS AND FACTORS LIKELY TO AFFECT THE FUTURE DEVELOPMENT, PERFORMANCE AND POSITION OF THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS

Overall economic condition of the country will also affect the growth of the Company. The future depends on maintenance free and solar battery. Company has aligned itself to meet the challenging business environment by entering in to manufacturing of deep cycle battery.

#### DUTY & TAXES

Information relating to duty & taxes has been given in the respective notes to the financial statements.



#### **AUDITORS**

The present Auditors, M/s Ilyas Saeed & Co., Chartered Accountants retired and offered themselves for re-appointment for the year ending June 30, 2025. The Board of Directors of the Company has endorsed their appointment for shareholder's consideration at the forth coming Annual general meeting. The external auditors have confirmed that they are registered with Audit Oversight Board and have been given satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and being eligible offer themselves for re-appointment.

### NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

As of June 30, 2024, the Company had 38 permanent employees, compared to 42 employees as of June 30, 2023.

#### SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year of the company and the date of this report except as disclosed in this report.

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

### I. CORPORATE PHILANTHROPY

The Company has not participated in any corporate philanthropy during the year.

#### II. ENERGY CONSERVATION

Company is committed to energy conservation, evidenced by the installation of energy-efficient air conditioners, optimized lighting during idle hours, and the use of efficient electrical equipment and LED lights. Advanced machinery has been installed to minimize electricity consumption while maintaining optimal efficiency.

### III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION MEASURES

We have ensured maximum plantation within and around the factory premises to protect the ecosystem. Industrial effluents are treated and properly disposed of for environmental safety. A waste water treatment tank is in place to minimize water pollution.

#### IV. COMMUNITY INVESTMENT AND WELFARE SCHEMES

No contributions were made to any welfare schemes during the year.

### V. CONSUMER PROTECTION MEASURES

The Company is dedicated to providing quality products at affordable prices. We offer aftersales warranties through our dealer network at the district and tehsil levels and promptly address customer complaints. Company experts guide customers on the economical use of products, proper maintenance, and the risks associated with improper usage.

### VI. WELFARE SPENDING FOR UNDER-PRIVILEGED CLASSES

The Company did not allocate any funds for underprivileged classes this year.

### VII. INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

The Company has not employed any special person during the year.

### VIII. EMPLOYMENT OF SPECIAL PERSONS

The Company has not employed any special person during the year.

### IX. OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY & HEALTH

The Company at all levels recognizes the responsibility of preventing injuries, occupational illnesses, property loss, and harm to the environment and ensures personal safety & health of all its employees by taking necessary measures in order to prevent harm to them as well as to the environment.

Company is taking all necessary precautions to keep the premises free of all kinds of hazards and committed to provide safe and secure workplace. As a policy company gives top priority to the occupational health and safety of the employees.



All possible steps have been taken to recognize and eliminate occurrence of unsafe acts and conditions through continuous training and development of people along with providing them the required safety gadgets.

#### BUSINESS ETHICS AND ANTI CORRUPTION MEASURES X.

The Company abides by all business ethics and discourages every type of corruption and every corrupt practice.

#### XI. NATIONAL CAUSE DONATIONS

The Company has not yet allocated any budget towards national cause donations.

### CONTRIBUTION TO EX-CHEQUER

The Company has contributed Rs. 161.380 million to the national exchequer in the shape of direct taxes.

### XIII. RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

Company has not made any contribution towards rural development programs.

### WEB PRESENCE

Company's periodic financial statements for the current financial year including annual reports for the last three years are available on the Company's website

### URDU LANGUAGE VERSION

An Urdu Language version of this Director's Report is also being published in the Annual Report.

For and on behalf of the Board

CHIEF EXECUTIVE LAHORE:

September 02,2024

**DIRECTOR** 



بہت زیادہ ترجیح دیتی ہے۔

کسی بھی ناخوشگواروا قع سے بچنے کے لئے تمام ملاز مین اور ورکرز کومناسبٹریننگ اور حفاظتی آلات فراہم کئے گئے ہیں۔

.10 کاروباری اخلاقیات اور انسداد بدعنوانی کے اقدامات:

کمپنی نے ہمیشہ کاروباری اخلا قیات کو کموظ خاطر رکھا ہے اور ساتھ ہی ساتھ بدعنوانی کی بھی حوصلہ شکنی کی ہے۔

.11 عطیات برائے قومی مقاصد:

کمپنی نےعطیات برائے قومی مقاصد کے لئے کوئی رقم مختص نہیں گی۔

.12 قومى خزانے میں جمع كرائي گئى رقوم:

کمپنی نے161.380 ملین روپے کی رقم بلاواسط ٹیکس کی صورت میں قومی خزانے میں جمع کرائی ہے۔

.13 ديهي ترقياتي پروگرام:

سمینی نے اس ضمن میں کوئی حصہ نہیں لیا۔

.14 کمپنی کی فنانشل الیشمنٹس برائے موجودہ مالی سال بشمول پچھلے تین سالوں کی سالانہ رپورٹس سر مایہ داروں کی معلومات کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.millatbatteries.com پر موجود ہیں۔

.15 اردوزبان ورژن:

اس ڈائر یکٹر کی رپورٹ کے ایک اردوزبان کا ورژن بھی 21 اکتوبر 2015ء کوالیس می پی کے1041SRO کے دونوات کے مطابق سالا نہ رپورٹ میں شائع کیا جارہا ہے۔

ڈائریکٹر کھیل اسکا

02 متبر 2024ء



### . 2 توانا كى كاتحفظ:

توانائی کو بچانے کے لیے، توانائی کے معیار پر پورااتر نے والے ایئر کنڈیشنر زنصب کئے گئے جہاں بھی متبادل یا نئی طلب پیدا ہوتی ہے۔ غیر فعال گھنٹوں کے دوران زائد لائٹس کو ہند کر دیا جا تا ہے اور توانائی اور لاگت کو بچانے کے لیے مئوثر بجلی کے آلات اورائی ای ڈی لائٹس نصب کئے جارہے ہیں۔جدیدترین سامان مشینری کے ساتھ نصب کر دیا گیا ہے تا کہ بملی کی کھیت کوزیادہ سے زیادہ مؤثر طریقے سے کم کرسکیں۔ اقد امات برائے شخفط ماحولیات:

فیگری کے احاطے کے اردگرد ماحولیاتی نظام کے تحفظ کو یقینی بنانے کے لئے شجر کاری شروع کی گئی ہے۔ ماحول کی حفاظت اور تحفظ کے لئے صنعتی فضلے کو مناسب طریقے سے ڈسپوز کیا جاتا ہے۔ پانی کی آلودگی کی روک تھام کے لئے ویسٹ واٹر ٹینک کا استعال کیا جاتا ہے۔

.4 معاشرتی سرمایه کاری اور فلاحی منصوب:

دوران سال ممپنی نے کسی فلاحی منصوبے میں کوئی حصنہیں لیا۔

### .5 صارفین کے تحفظ کے لئے اقدامات:

کمپنی کا مقصد کم قیت پرمعیاری مصنوعات کے ذریعے صارفین کو تحفظ فراہم کرنا ہے۔ کمپنی اپنے تحصیل اور ضلع کی سطح پر پھیلے ہوئے ڈیلرز کے نیٹ ورک کے ذریعے وارٹی بعد از فروخت کے ذریعے صارفین کی شکایات کا ازالہ کر رہی ہے۔ کمپنی کے ماہرین مصنوعات کے اقتصادی استعال ،مناسب دیکھ بھال اور نامناسب استعال سے خطرات کے بارے میں رہمنائی کرتے ہیں۔

### .6 فلاح برائے لیسماندہ طبقہ:

تمینی انے اس طقہ کے لئے کوئی رقم ادانہیں کی۔

### .7 صنعتی تعلق:

سمینی انڈسٹریل ریلیشن آرڈنینس اور لیبرلاء کےمطابق صنعتی تعلق کی اپنی تمام ذمہ داریاں احسن طریقے سے ادا کر رہی ہے۔ اور اپنے تمام قانونی واجبات اور ذمہ داریوں کو پورا کرنے کی یقین دہانی کراتی ہے۔

### . 8روز گار برائے معذورا فراد:

دوران سال تمپنی نے کسی معذور فرد کی تقرری نہیں گی۔

### . 9 پیشه وارانه حفاظت اور صحت:

کمپنی پیشہ وارانہ تھاظت اور صحت کے متعلق اپنی تمام ذمہ داریوں سے بخو بی واقف ہے اور اس سلسلے میں کمپنی نے کئی مثبت اقد امات اٹھائے ہیں۔ دوران ڈیوٹی حفاظتی تدابیر کا اختیار کرنا، ماحولیاتی بچاؤ اور ملاز مین کے لئے مناسب حفاظتی سازوسامان کی فراہمی ،جسمانی و وہنی تحفظ کے لئے تمام ضروری اختیاطی تدابیر لے رہی وہنی تحفظ کے لئے تمام ضروری اختیاطی تدابیر لے رہی ہے اور محفوظ کام کی جگہ فراہم کرنے کے لئے مصروف عمل ہے۔ ایک پالیسی کے طور پر کمپنی اپنے ملاز مین کی پیشہ وارانہ صحت اور حفاظت کو



### مستقبل کے منافع کاامکان:

سمپنی کا ہدف اگلے مالی سال میں سیز کے چیلیجنگ ٹارگٹ کا تعین کرتے ہوئے ٹیکس کے بعد ہونے والے منافع کو بہتر بنانا ہے۔نئ متعارف ہونے والیکیپنیز اور مارکیٹ کے بدلتے ہوئے حالات کا مقابلہ کمپنی اپنی لاگت میں کمی اور بہتر معیار سے کرے گی۔

### داخلی مالیاتی کنٹرول:

مناسب داخلی مالیاتی کنٹرول موجود ہیں اور متعلقہ افراد کی طرف سے احتیاط سے ان کی مانیٹرنگ کی جارہی ہے اور با قاعد گی سے اندرونی آڈٹڈ ییارٹمنٹ اس کی نگرانی کررہاہے۔

سمپنی کے کاروباری کارکردگی اور بیوزیش اور مستقبل کے فروغ پراثر انداز ہونے والے اہم رجحانات اورعوامل: ملک کی مجموعی معاشی حالت سمپنی کی ترقی کوبھی متاثر کرے گی۔ سمپنی کے مستقبل کا انحصار مینٹینس فری اور سوار بیٹری اورڈیپ سائیل بیٹری پر ہے۔ سمپنی نے چیلیخنگ کاروباری ماحول سے نمٹنے کے لیے اس میں داخل ہوکرڈیپ سائیکل بیٹری کی تیاری کی صف بندی کرلی ہے۔ ڈیوٹی اورٹ سیکسنز:

ٹیکس اور ڈیوٹی کے متعلق معلومات ا کا ؤنٹس میں متعلقہ تفصیل میں مہیا کی گئی ہیں۔

### آ ۋىيرز:

موجودہ آڈیٹرزالیاس سعیداینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈاکا وَنٹس سبکدوش ہو چکے ہیں اور انہوں نے اہل ہونے کی حیثیت سے خود کو دوبارہ 30 جون 2025 کی تقرری کو تیرز الیاس سعیداینڈ کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے ان کی تقرری کو شیئر ہولڈرز کی نظر ثانی کے لیے آنے والے سالانہ اجلاس میں پیش کیا ہے۔ بیرونی آڈیٹرز نے تصدیق کی ہے کہ وہ آڈٹ آور سائٹ بوڑ د کے ساتھ رجٹرڈ ہو چکے ہیں اور آئی کیپ سے اپنی کیوسی آرکی تسلی بخش ریٹنگ دی ہے اور تقرری کی پیش کش کے لیے اہل قرار دیا ہے۔

### ملاز مین کی تعداد:

30 جون 2024 كوستقل ملازمين كى تعداد 38 تقى جوكه 30 جون 2023 كو 42 تقى۔

### مجوزه بعدازان واقعات:

سمینی کے مالی سال کے اختتام سے لے کراس رپورٹ کی تاریخ تک کوئی بھی قابل ذکر تبدیلی نہیں آئی جو کہ ممپنی کی مالی حالت کو متاثر کرے۔سوائے اس کے جو اس رپورٹ میں درج ہے۔

كاربوريك ساجي ذمه داري:

.1 كار پوريك خدمت خلق:

کمپنی نے کسی کارپوریٹ خدمت خلق میں شرکت نہیں گی۔

جناب مصطفى سهيل

جنابشهر بإرانصاري

جناب قيصرسليم

جناب غلام مصطفى (چيف الكّزييو)

بورد آوٹ کمیٹی:

بوردُ آف دُائرَ يكٹرز كَيْشكيل كرده آوْك كميٹي كےمبران مندرجه ذيل ہيں۔

جناب لين الدين انصاري

جناب محمصطفی خان (ممبر)

جناب محمصطفی سہیل

جناب شهریارانصاری

جناب قيصرسليم

آ ڈٹ کمیٹی بورڈ کور پورٹ پیش کرنے سے پہلے مالی تفصیلات کا سہ ماہی، ششماہی اور سالا نہ جائزہ لیتی ہے۔اوراندرونی آ ڈٹ کے نتائج کا بھی جائزہ لیتی ہے۔

## کمپنی کے کاروبار کی بنیادی سرگرمیاں ،ترقی اور کارکردگی:

کمپنی گاڑیوں، صنعتوں اور گھریلواستعال کے لیے بیٹریز کی تیاری اور فروخت کے کاروبار میں مصروف ہے۔ کمپنی کی فنانشل اسٹیٹمنٹس اس کے کاروباری معاملات کا درست احاطہ کرتی ہیں۔ مختصر سے عرصے کے اندر کمپنی نے اپنا برانڈ نام "ملت بیٹریز" بہتر پراڈ کٹ کے طور پر متعارف کروایا ہے۔

سولرصارفین کی ضرورت کو پورا کرنے کے لیے کمپنی نے زیادہ سے زیادہ بیک اپٹائم کے ساتھ کچھ سولر بیٹریز کے ماڈلز کا آغاز کیا ہے۔ نیز گذشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں ڈیپ سائیکل بیٹریز کی فروخت میں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ مارکیٹ کی ضروریات کو مدنطر رکھتے ہوئے سٹیلینس فری بیٹری کی مارکیٹ میں کامیا بی سے مارکیٹنگ کی گئی ہے۔ موٹر سائیکل کی بیٹریاں لانچے ہوچکی ہیں۔

### بنیادی خدشات اور غیریقینیان:

کمپنی کو جواہم خدشات اور غیریقینی صورتحال لاحق ہے ان میں مقامی خام مال کی قیمتوں میں اتار چڑھاؤ، روپے کی قدر میں بے مثال کی ، جس کی وجہ سے درآ مدشدہ خام مال کی قیمت میں اضافہ ہوا ہے اور مارکیٹ میں سے حریفوں کا داخلہ بھی اہم وجوہات میں شامل ہے۔ دوران سال دونوں مقامی اور درآ مدشدہ خام مال کی قیمتوں میں اضافے نے منافع کے مارجن کو بری طرح متاثر کیا ہے۔ کمپنی کے کاروبار کی نوعیت سے متعلق مالی سال کے دوران کوئی تبدیلی نہیں ہوئی ہے۔



# ڈائر کیٹرز کی رپورٹ

ڈائر کیٹرزانتہائیمسرت کے ساتھ کمپنی کی **23**ویں سالانہ رپورٹ بمعه آ ڈیٹڈا کا ونٹس برائے سال30 جون2024 پیش کرتے ہیں۔ منافع منقسمہ:

اس سال کے مالیاتی نتائج مندرجہ ذیل ہیں۔

سال کے آغاز پر جمع شدہ منافع: 406,109,845 روپے

برائے سال جمع آمدنی قبل از ٹیکس: 439,577,283 روپے

موجوده شيكسيش: (161,380,210) رويے

رويے (154,436,490) رويے (154,436,490) رويے ديريان

آئيندسال کے لیے بیجایا گیامنافع: 529,870,428 روپے

آپ کے ڈائر کیٹرز نے حتمی کیش ڈیوڈینڈ 7 روپے فی حصص کے حساب سے جو کہ 70 فیصد بنتا ہے کی سفارش کی ہے۔

### شيئر مولدركا پييرن:

30 جون 2024 شيئر ہولڈر کا پیٹرن رپورٹ میں شامل ہے۔

### في خصص آمدن

سال 2024 کے لیے فی حصص آمدن 27.02 روپے رہی گزشتہ سال ہیآ مدن 26.54 روپے فی حصص تھا۔

### بورد آف دائر يكٹرز:

موجودہ بورڈ آٹھ ڈائر یکٹرز پر شتمل ہے جس میں سے سات ڈائر یکٹرز کمپنی کے 22ویں سالا نہ اجلاس 30 اکتوبر 2023 کو نتخب ہوئے تھے۔ سال 2024 کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کے 5اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔

### ڈائریکٹرزکے نام درج ذیل ہیں:

جناب سكندر مصطفیٰ خان (چیئر مین)

جناب سهيل بشيررانا

جناب لين الدين انصاري

جناب محمصطفيٰ خان



Charge the Future with Tubular Strength



# Pattern of Shareholding As at June 30, 2024

No. of	Size of l	Total Shares	
Shareholders	From	То	Held
6	1	100	420
49	101	500	14,278
51	501	1,000	43,157
51	1,001	1,500	65,414
36	1,501	2,000	64,730
35	2,001	3,000	84,098
33	3,001	5,000	134,411
47	5,001	40,000	728,441
11	40,001	100,000	614,449
4	100,001	400,000	910,082
1	400,001	600,000	415,724
2	600,001	6,000,000	7,220,562
326			10,295,766



### Shareholding Information As at June 30, 2024

	Categories of shareholders	No. of Shareholders	Shares held	Percentage
1.	Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their spouse			
	and minor children			
	DIRECTORS			
Mr	Sikandar Mustafa Khan	1	622,437	6.05
Mr	Sohail Bashir Rana	1	415,724	4.04
Mr	Laeeq Uddin Ansari	1	390,425	3.79
Mr	Qaiser Saleem	1	227,845	2.21
Mr	Muhammad Mustafa Khan	1	2,875	0.03
Mr	Muhammad Mustafa Sohail	1	1,150	0.01
Mr	Shehryar Ansari	1	26,450	0.26
2.	Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties		-	
	a. Millat Tractors Limited	1	6,598,125	64.09
3.	NIT and ICP	-	-	-
4.	Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking	-	-	-
	Financial Institutions and Pension Funds	-	-	=
5.	Insurance Companies	-	-	-
6.	Modarabas & Mutual Funds	-	-	-
7.	Shareholders Holding 10% or more Voting Interest	-	-	-
8.	General Public	-	-	-
	a. Local	-	-	=
	b. Foreign	-	-	=
9.	Others			
	a. Joint Stock Companies	-	-	=
	b. Trusts	=	-	-
***************************************	c. Public	318	2,010,735	19.53
	Total	326	10,295,766	100.00





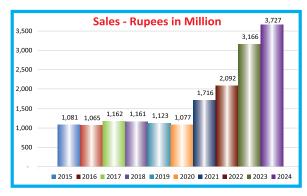
### Ten Years' Performance

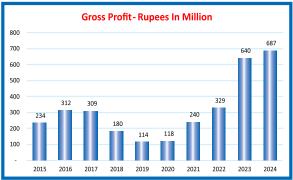
Gross profit Operating profit	6,727,142,057 686,906,747 463,918,873 439,577,283	3,166,111,038 639,709,695 444,805,114	2,092,493,591 328,738,718
Operating profit	463,918,873 439,577,283		328,738,718
	439,577,283	444,805,114	
D (*) 1 ( )			178,796,465
Profit before tax		429,570,335	181,072,006
Net profit / (loss) after tax	278,197,073	273,269,981	151,754,413
FINANCIAL POSITION			
Owner's Equity:			
Share capital	102,957,660	102,957,660	89,528,400
Capital Reserve	325,992,907	325,992,907	-
Accumulated profit	529,870,428	406,109,845	561,790,431
	958,820,995	835,060,412	651,318,831
Operating fixed assets	175,428,778	172,235,828	131,394,627
Long term liabilities:			
Deferred taxation	4,436,009	6,982,859	7,080,978
INVESTOR INFORMATION			
Sales growth %	17.72	51.31	21.91
Gross profit growth %	7.38	94.60	37.16
Operating profit growth %	4.30	148.78	69.07
Profit before tax growth %	2.33	137.24	64.37
Net profit/(Loss) after tax growth %	1.80	80.07	98.24
Gross profit ratio %	18.43	20.20	15.71
Operating profit ratio %	12.45	14.05	8.54
Profit before tax ratio %	11.79	13.57	8.65
Net profit/(loss) after tax ratio %	7.46	8.63	7.25
Return on equity %	29.01	32.72	23.30
Return on assets %	158.58	158.66	115.50
Earning/(Loss) per share (after tax) Rs.	27.02	26.54	14.74
Current ratio Times	2.81:1	2.26:1	2.87:1
Quick ratio Times	1.08:1	0.83:1	1.42:1
Dividend Cover (Earning/ Div) Times	1.80	1.77	1.47
Rate of Dividend %	70.00	150.00	100.00

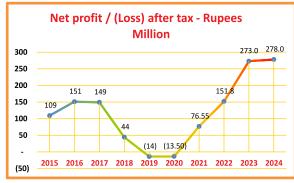
2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
1,716,362,105	1,077,895,294	1,123,257,343	1,161,353,460	1,161,867,413	1,064,935,501	1,080,636,249
239,675,720	118,541,625	114,290,657	179,816,064	308,645,829	312,281,298	234,456,063
105,753,967	12,878,628	6,507,586	64,383,220	218,887,724	240,216,150	171,785,823
110,159,499	5,714,017	331,779	59,008,065	208,779,587	226,590,238	161,413,311
76,550,180	(13,500,592)	(14,102,013)	43,582,980	148,623,310	151,465,503	108,884,980
89,528,400	89,528,400	89,528,400	89,528,400	89,528,400	89,528,400	89,528,400
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
477,182,335	400,632,155	414,132,747	437,187,600	483,133,020	406,132,430	299,431,127
566,710,735	490,160,555	503,661,147	526,716,000	572,661,420	495,660,830	388,959,527
115,871,124	119,373,288	132,965,678	148,400,043	167,350,957	117,363,717	70,775,694
6,635,421	8,215,489	9,595,603	11,236,259	15,024,863	9,787,062	5,338,463
59.23	(4.04)	(3.28)	(0.04)	9.10	(1.45)	12.58
102.19	3.72	(36.44)	(41.74)	(1.16)	33.19	54.93
721.16	97.90	(89.89)	(70.59)	(8.88)	39.83	77.22
1,827.88	1,622.24	(99.44)	(71.74)	(7.86)	40.38	78.73
667.01	(4.26)	(132.36)	(70.68)	(1.88)	39.11	85.23
13.96	11.00	10.17	15.48	26.56	29.32	21.70
6.16	1.19	0.58	5.54	18.84	22.56	15.90
6.42	0.53	0.03	5.08	17.97	21.28	14.94
4.46	(1.25)	(1.26)	3.75	12.79	14.22	10.08
13.51	(2.75)	(2.80)	8.27	25.95	30.56	27.99
66.06	(11.31)	(10.61)	29.37	88.81	129.06	153.85
8.55	(1.51)	(1.58)	4.87	16.60	16.92	12.16
2.88:1	3.54:1	3.73:1	4.80:1	6.23:1	7.70:1	6.49:1
1.53:1	2.28:1	2.13:1	1.12:1	3.14:1	5.42:1	3.93:1
1.14	-	-	4.87	1.66	2.12	2.43
75.00	-	-	10.00	100.00	80.00	50.00

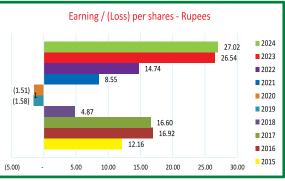


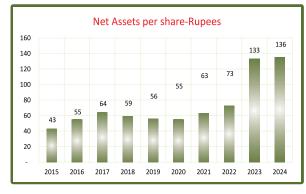


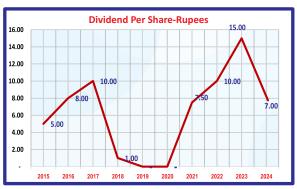






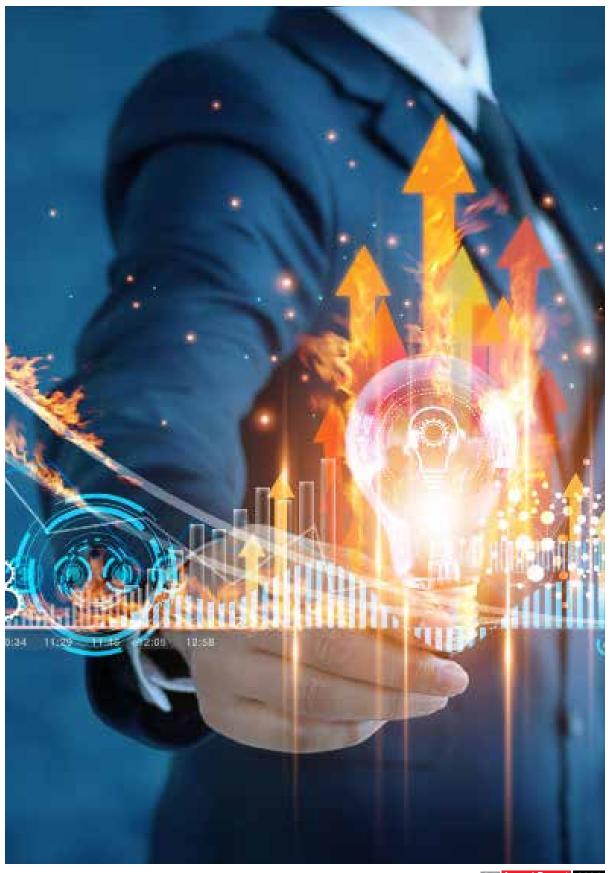






# Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024





### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Millat Industrial Products Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Millat Industrial Products Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2024 and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the Information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2024 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements of the company and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion there on.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

Engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Bushra Sana.

Ilyas Saeed & Co. Chartered Accountants

My Locally

Lahore

Date: September 02,2024 UDIN: AR202410278rg9XGKAY1



### Statement of Financial Position

As at June 30, 2024

ASSETS	Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	4	175,428,778	172,235,828
Capital work in progress	5	859,549	146,730
Intangible assets	6	1	1
Long term deposits and prepayments	7	4,661,000	4,661,000
· · ·		180,949,328	177,043,559
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores and spares	8	33,241,129	29,408,629
Stock in trade	9	715,678,406	725,328,720
Trade debts	10	287,941,691	273,951,661
Loans and advances	11	16,451,783	21,513,234
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	12	2,463,240	2,463,240
Taxation - Net	13	5,558,658	_
Cash and bank balances	14	152,896,525	140,743,917
		1,214,231,432	1,193,409,401
TOTAL ASSETS		1,395,180,760	1,370,452,960
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital	15	102,957,660	102,957,660
Capital reserve		325,992,907	325,992,907
Revenue reserve - unappropriated profit		529,870,428	406,109,845
		958,820,995	835,060,412
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred taxation	16	4,436,009	6,982,859
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	17	356,200,586	431,367,660
Deposits, accrued liabilities and advances	18	73,390,129	54,883,457
Provision for taxation	13		35,486,805
Unclaimed dividend		2,333,041	6,671,767
		431,923,756	528,409,689
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	20	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,395,180,760	1,370,452,960

(The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements).



Director



### Statement of Profit or Loss and Other

### Comprehensive Income

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
Sales - net	21	3,727,142,057	3,166,111,038
Cost of sales	22	3,040,235,310	2,526,401,343
Gross profit		686,906,747	639,709,695
Operating Expenses			
Distribution cost	23	100,686,714	87,451,667
Administration and general expenses	24	122,301,160	107,452,914
		222,987,874	194,904,581
Operating profit		463,918,873	444,805,114
Other income	25	12,231,054	19,225,851
		476,149,927	464,030,965
Finance cost	26	4,042,358	2,623,516
Other charges	27	32,530,286	31,837,114
•		36,572,644	34,460,630
Profit before taxation		439,577,283	429,570,335
Taxation	28	161,380,210	156,300,354
Profit after taxation		278,197,073	273,269,981
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently t	o profit or loss	-	_
Items not to be reclassified subsequently		-	-
Total comprehensive income		278,197,073	273,269,981
Earning per share - Basic and Diluted	30	27.02	26.54

(The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements).



Director



# Statement of Changes in Equity For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

PARTICULARS	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP SHARE CAPITAL	CAPITAL RESERVE	Revenue Reserve - Unappropriated Profit	Total
		- I	Rupees	_
Balance as at July 01, 2022	89,528,400	-	561,790,431	651,318,831
Bonus Share @15% issued during the year	13,429,260	_	(13,429,260)	
Profit for the year ended 30 June, 2023	-	-	273,269,981	273,269,981
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive income for the year	-	-	273,269,981	273,269,981
Dividend paid @ Rs 10/share during the year	-	_	(89,528,400)	(89,528,400)
Transfer from Revenue reserve -				
unappropriated profit to Capital Reserve	-	325,992,907	(325,992,907)	-
Balance as at June 30, 2023	102,957,660	325,992,907	406,109,845	835,060,412
Profit for the year ended 30 June, 2024	-	-	278,197,073	278,197,073
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive income for the year	-	-	278,197,073	278,197,073
Dividend paid @ Rs $15/$ share during the year	-	-	(154,436,490)	(154,436,490)
Balance as at June 30, 2024	102,957,660	325,992,907	529,870,428	958,820,995

(The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements).





### Statement of Cash Flows

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

PARTICULARS	Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net profit before taxation		439,577,283	429,570,335
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation		25,852,351	19,836,852
Amortization of intangible asset			2,930,003
Gain / (Loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipme	nt	<u> </u>	(1,081,102)
Workers' profit participation fund		23,605,378	23,070,372
Workers' welfare fund		8,924,908	8,766,742
Finance cost		4,042,358	2,623,516
		62,424,995	56,146,383
Cash flow before working capital changes		502,002,278	485,716,718
Working capital changes:			-
(Increase) / decrease in current assets:			
Stores and spares		(3,832,500)	(5,020,620)
Stock in trade		9,650,314	(402,985,766)
Trade debts		(13,990,030)	(195,237,076)
Loans and advances		5,061,451	(1,416,922)
Trade deposits and short term prepayments		_	
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities:			
Trade and other payables		(46,761,966)	204,125,177
Unclaimed & Unpaid Dividend		(4,338,726)	3,054,447
Net working capital changes		447,790,821	88,235,958
Finance cost paid		(4,042,358)	(2,623,516)
Workers' profit participation fund		(23,070,372)	(9,724,598)
Workers' welfare fund		(8,766,742)	(3,695,347)
Taxes paid		(209,120,189)	(111,903,604)
Net cash flows (used in) / generated from			
operating activities		202,791,160	(39,711,107)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment		(28,987,783)	(56,509,014)
Capital work in progress		(859,549)	(789,862)
Investments - Net		(000,010)	280,000,000
Sale proceeds of property, plant and equipment		89,212	1,301,050
Net cash flows generated from / (used in)		00,212	1,001,000
investing activities		(29,758,120)	224,002,174
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividend paid	31.1	(160,880,432)	(02 506 067)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	31.1		(93,506,967)
Net (Decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents		(160,880,432)	(93,506,967)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		12,152,608	90,784,100
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	21	140,743,917	49,959,817
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	31	152,896,525	<u>140,743,917</u>

(The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements).





### Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 1 CORPORATE AND GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 1.1 LEGAL STATUS AND OPERATIONS

Millat Industrial Products Limited (MIPL) was registered under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017), vide Registration No. L 10906 of 2001 - 2002 dated 23rd January 2002, as a Private Limited Company. Subsequently, the Company was converted into Public Limited Company on June 27, 2005 (CUIN: 0043275). The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing and sale of vehicular, industrial and domestic batteries.

The Company is a subsidiary of Millat Tractors Limited (the holding Company), a listed public Company incorporated in Pakistan.

The geographical location and address of the Company's business units, including mills/plant is as under:

- The registered office of the Company is situated at 8.8 k.m., Lahore- Sheikhupura Road, Shahdara, Lahore.
- The manufacturing facility of the Company is located at 49-k.m., off Multan Road, Bhai Pheru, Distt. Kasur.

### 2 BASIS OF

### 2.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Accounting and reporting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. Where provisions of or directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions and / or directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

### 2.2 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

### 2.3 STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO THE APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

There are certain amendments and interpertations to the accounting and reporting standards which are mandatory for the Company's annual accounting period which began on July 1, 2023. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statments except as disclosed in note 3 to these financial statments.

Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company:



### Standard or Interpretation

### Effective date (Annual periods beginning on or after)

IAS 1	-	Presentation of Financial Statements (Amendments)	01 January 2024
IAS 7	-	Statement of Cash Flows (Amendments)	01 January 2024
IFRS 16	-	Leases (Amendments)	01 January 2024
IAS 21	-	The Effects of changes in Foreign Exchange Rates (Amendments)	01 January 2025
IFRS 7	-	Financial Instruments: Disclosures (Amendments)	01 January 2026
IFRS 17		Insurance Contracts	01 January 2026
IFRS 9	-	Financial Instruments - Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments)	01 January 2026

Other than the aforesaid amendments, the IASB has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

IFRIC 12 -Service Concession Arrangement

IFRS 18 -Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements. IFRS 19 -Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

The Company expects that the adoption of the above standards will have no material effect on the Company's financial statements, in the period of initial application.

#### 2.4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumption and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows:-

- Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and method of depreciation (Note3.1)
- Intangible assets (Note 3.3)
- Provision for warranty claims (Note 3.11)
- Provision for taxation (Note 3.14)
- Contingencies and commitments (Note 20)

#### 3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The Company adopted disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS practice statements 2 'Making Materiality Judgments') from 01 July, 2023. Although amendments did not result in any changes to the accounting policies themselves, they impact the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements.



The amendments require disclosure of 'material', rather than 'significant' accounting policies. The amendments also provide the guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies, assisting entities to provide useful entity specific accounting policy information that users need to understand other information in the financial statements.

The material accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

### 3.1 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

All the Property, Plant and Equipment have been valued at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (if any), except Freehold Land and Capital Work In Progress which are stated at cost. Cost includes purchase price and all incidental expenses incurred up to the date of the asset is put to use. The capital work in progress is transferred to fixed assets as and when assets are available for intended use. All expenses including borrowing costs, if any, as per IAS-23, will be capitalized at the time when these assets will start commercial production.

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is charged to profit on reducing balance method over its estimated useful life so as to write off the historical cost of an asset at the rates specified in note 4. Depreciation on additions is charged on the basis of number of days commencing from the day at which assets become available for use, while on disposals, depreciation is charged up to the day of deletion. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to profit during the period in which they are incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income in the year the asset is derecognized.

### 3.2 CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS

All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period including advances to suppliers and contractors are carried under this head. These are transferred to specific assets as and when these assets are available for use.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less identified impairment loss, if any.

### 3.3 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Expenditure incurred to acquire and develop computer software are capitalized as intangible assets and stated at cost less accumulated amortization and identified impairment loss, if any.

Intangible assets are amortised using the straight line method over a period of three years. Amortization on additions to intangible assets is charged from the month in which an asset is acquired or capitalized while no amortization is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed off.

The Company assesses at each reporting date, whether there is any indication that intangible assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their

recoverable amount. Where carrying amounts exceed the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the amortization charge is adjusted in the future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life. Fully amortized intangible assets are recognised at rupee 1 in the financial statements.

#### 3.4 IMPAIRMENT

An assessment is made at each statement of financial position date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment or reversal of previous impairment, including items of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and long-term investments. In the event that an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, the carrying amount is reduced to recoverable amount and an impairment loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, however, not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortization or depreciation), had no impairment loss(es) been recognized for the asset in prior years. Reversal of impairment losses is restricted to the original cost of the asset.

### 3.5 STORES AND STOCKS

#### 3.5.1 STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS

These are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value except for items in transit, which are valued at invoice price and related expenses incurred up to the year end date. For items which are slow moving and / or identified as surplus to the Company's requirement, a provision is made for excess of book value over estimated realizable value.

### 3.5.2 STOCK IN TRADE

These are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value

The cost is determined as follows:-

- Raw materials At weighted average cost.

Work in process
 Finished goods
 At raw material costs, labor and appropriate manufacturing over-heads.
 At raw material costs, labor and appropriate manufacturing over-heads.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### 3.6 INVESTMENTS

Investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity, which the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity, are carried at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method less impairment losses, if so determined.

### 3.7 TRADE DEBTORS AND RECEIVABLES

Trade debtors and receivables are carried at invoiced amount less an estimate made for doubtful debts based on review of outstanding amounts at year end. Bad debts are written off when identified.

#### 3.8 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value considered to be paid in future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

### 3.9 BORROWING COST

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except to the extent of borrowing cost that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Such borrowing costs, if any, are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset.



#### 3.10 PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

#### 3.11 WARRANTY CLAIMS

The Company provides after sales warranty for its products for a specified period. Accrual is made in the financial statements for this warranty based on previous trends.

#### 3.12 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions and include holding company, associated companies with or without common directors, directors and major shareholders and their close family members, key management personnel and staff and retirement benefit funds.

All transactions with related parties are made at prices determined in accordance with comparable uncontrolled price method except for the assets sold to employees at written down value under the employees' car scheme as approved by the Board of Directors.

#### 3.13 REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company recognizes revenue from contract with customer based on a five step model as set out in IFRS 15.

- i) Identify contract with customer(s): A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.
- Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.
- iii) Identify performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.
- iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.
- v) Recognize revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation.

The Company satisfies a performance obligation and recognizes revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- a) The Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternate use to the Company and the Company has as an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.
- b) The Company's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced.
- c) The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Company's performance as the Company performs.

For performance obligations where one of the above conditions are not met, revenue is recognized at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

When the Company satisfies a performance obligation by delivering the promised goods or services it creates a contract based asset on the amount of consideration earned by the performance. Where the amount of consideration received from a customer exceeds the amount of revenue recognized this gives rise to a contract liability.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes and duty. The

Company assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria to determine if it is acting as principal or agent.

Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue and cost, if applicable, can be measured reliably.

Revenue shall be recognized when (or  $\alpha$ s) the entity satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or  $\alpha$ s) the customer obtains control of that asset and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the good or service.

In case of the Company, sale of batteries are recognized as revenue when goods are dispatched and invoiced to the customers. Revenue is measured at the transaction price agreed under the contract, adjusted for variable consideration such as discount, if any. In most cases, the consideration is received before the goods are dispatched/invoiced. Deferred payment terms may also be agreed in case of sale to certain categories of customers. Transaction price is adjusted for time value of money in case of significant financing component.

The Company's contracts with customers include promises to transfer goods or services without charges such as free inspections. Such promised goods or services are generally considered performance obligations and related sale revenue is deferred under IFRS 15, if it is deemed material.

The Company also has a performance obligation to arrange for delivery of goods at locations specified by the customers. However, the Company acts as an agent in satisfaction of this performance obligation and net income/(expense) in this respect is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income .

Amount received on account of sale of extended warranty is recognized initially as deferred revenue and is credited to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the relevant period covered by the warranty.

#### 3.14 TAXATION

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at current tax rates after taking into account applicable tax rebates and credits, if any.

#### **Deferred**

Deferred taxation is recognized using the balance sheet liability method on all major temporary differences arising between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized.

#### 3.15 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. For the purpose of cash flows statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances, bank deposits, term deposit receipts and short term borrowings.

#### 3.16 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Pak rupees at the rates of exchange approximating those prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the exchange rates prevailing at the year end date. Current exchange differences are included in profit and loss account.



#### 3.17 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### 3.17.1 FINANCIAL ASSETS

#### a) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at fair value through Profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The classification of financial asset at initial recognition depends on the financial assets contractual cash flows characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financial component or for which the Company has applied the practical expedient, the Company initially measures financial asset at its fair value plus, in case of financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Company has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through OCI. It needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at it an instrument level. The Company's business model for managing financial asset refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets or both. Purchases or sales of the financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in a market place (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e. the date that the company commits to purchase or sell the assets.

#### b) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in two categories:

- i) Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments).
- ii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

This category is the most relevant to the Company. The Company measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to held financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and

The contractual terms of The financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on The principal amount outstanding financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Company's financial assets at amortised cost includes trade and other receivables.

#### c) Derecognition

A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e., removed from the Company's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from The asset Or has assumed an obligation to pay The teceived cash flows in full rvithout material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either.
- a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

#### 3.17.2 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

#### a) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial Liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and derivative financial instruments.

#### b) Subsequent measurement

Financial Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial Liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by IFRS 9. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedge instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in statement of profit or loss. Financial Liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 are satisfied. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss

#### c) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The differences in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

## 3.18 STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS Defined Contribution Plan

The Company operates an approved funded provident fund scheme for its permanent employees eligible under the Employees Provident Fund Rules of the Company. The employees and Company make equal monthly contributions at the rate of 10% of basic salary.

No other staff retirement benefit plan is maintained by the Company.

#### 3.19 OFFSETTING

Financial assets and liabilities are set off and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position, if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and the Company intends to settle either on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.



Property, Plant and Equipment
Operating assets (tangibe)

2024 2023 Rupees Rupees 175,428,778 172,235,828 175,428,778 172,235,828

> Note 4.1

> > 4.1 The following is a statement of operating fixed assets (tangible):

	Land -	Buildings -	Plant and	Tools and	Furniture and		Office	Computer	
	Freehold	Freehold	machinery	equipment	fixture	Vehicles	equipment	hardware	Total
At 30 June 2022									
Cost	10,455,396	82,194,059	102,219,627	43,059,466	3,409,341	30,901,805	2,818,139	3,506,193	278,564,026
Accumulated depreciation	•	(41,766,519)	(58,437,250)	(27,442,817)	(2,457,551)	(13,141,691)	(1,644,888)	(2,278,683)	(147, 169, 399)
Net book value	10,455,396	40,427,540	43,782,377	15,616,649	951,790	17,760,114	1,173,251	1,227,510	131,394,627
Year ended 30 June 2023									
Additions	•	5,308,792	30,519,536	5,917,907	2,241,124	11,890,300	399,869	231,486	56,509,014
Transfers from capital work in									
Progress during the year (Note 5)		643,132	3,950,000		1	1	1	•	4,593,132
Disposals / transfers					-			-	
	•		1	1	1		1	1	
Cost	1	1	(618,350)			(5,876,304)		1	(6,494,654)
Depreciation	•		464,954		•	5,605,607		•	6,070,561
Net book value	-	ı	(153,396)		·	(270,697)		•	(424,093)
Depreciation charge for									
the year (Note 4.3)		(4,336,392)	(7,237,330)	(2,457,429)	(330,829)	(4,874,550)	(200,816)	(338,506)	(19,836,852)
Net book value as at 30 June 2023	10,455,396	42,043,072	70,861,187	19,077,127	2,862,085	24,505,167	1,372,304	1,059,490	172,235,828
Year ended 30 June 2024									
Additions		1,686,453	13,867,328	3,718,973	241,719	8,278,900	1,001,210	193,200	28,987,783
Transfers from capital work in									
Progress during the year (Note 5)		146,730							146,730
Disposals / transfers Note No.4.2									
Cost		1				(212,900)	1	1	(212,900)
Depreciation						123,688			123,688
Net book value	•					(89,212)			(89,212)
Depreciation charge for the year (Note 4.3)		(4,291,266)	(12,043,293)	(3,086,908)	(430,683)	(2,383,600)	(254,107)	(362,494)	(25,852,351)
Net book value as at									
30 June 2024	10,455,396	39,584,989	72,685,222	19,709,192	2,673,121	27,311,255	2,119,407	890,196	175,428,778
	Land -	Buildings -	Plant and	Tools and	Furniture and	Vehicles	Office	Computer	Total
	Freehold	Freehold	machinery	equipment	fixture		equipment	hardware	
At 30 June 2023		-							
Cost/revalued amount	10,455,396	88,145,983	136,070,813	48,977,373	5,650,465	36,915,801	3,218,008	3,737,679	333,171,518
Accumulated depreciation		(46,102,911)	(65,209,626)	(29,900,246)	(2,788,380)	(12,410,634)	(1,845,704)	(2,678,189)	(160,935,690)
Net book value in Rupees	10,455,396	42,043,072	70,861,187	19,077,127	2,862,085	24,505,167	1,372,304	1,059,490	172,235,828
Annual rates (%) of depreciation 2023	•	10	15	15	15	20	15	30	

At 30 June 2024									
Cost/revalued amount		89,979,166	149,938,141	52,696,346	5,892,184	44,981,801	4,219,218	3,930,879	362,093,131
		(50,394,177)	(77,252,919)	(50,394,177) (77,252,919) (32,987,154) (3,219,063)	(3,219,063)		(2,099,811)	(3,040,683)	(17,670,546) (2,099,811) (3,040,683) (186,664,353)
Net book value in Rupees	10,455,396	39,584,989	72,685,222	19,709,192	2,673,121	27,311,255	2,119,407	890,196	175,428,778
Annual rates (%) of depreciation 2024		10	15	15	15	20	15	30	

# 4.2

Disposal of property, plant and equipment
The following operating fixed assets were disposed off during the year:

	-							
Particulars	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	Sale Proceeds	Gain / (loss)	Relationship of purchaser with the company	Mode of disposal	Buyer's name
VEHICLES				RUPEES				

MOTOR BIKE								
HONDA CD-70-LEP-17B-1021-ZIA UR REHIMAN 63,500		707	16,793	16,793		Employee	Exective Bike Scheme	Muhammad Jamil
HONDA CD-70-LEP-17B-1023-SAMI ULLAH	63,500 46,	46,707	16,793	16,793	ı	Employee	Exective Bike Scheme	Ali Asghar
HONDA CD-70-ZEESHAN BHATTI	85,900 30,	274	55,626	55,626	1	Employee	Exective Bike Scheme	Saeed Ahmad Riaz
Total	212 900 123	123 688	89 212	89 212				
			00,414	212,00				
4.3 Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:	cated as follows:							
•		2	2024	2023				
	Note		Rupees	Rupees				
Cost of sale	22			16,794,224				
Administrative expenses	24			2,028,418				
Distribution cost	23			1,014,209				
		25,8		19,836,851				
Property, Plant and equipment	4.	1 25,8	5,852,351	19,836,851				

4.4 No impairment relating to operating fixed assets has been recognised in the current year.

Tools and equipment includes dies and moulds having book value of Rs 1,538,394/- (2023: Rs. 1,876,090/-) which are in possession of vendors and these dies and moulds are used by the vendors for producing certain parts for supply to the Company. 4.5

Particulars of immovable assets of the Company are as follows:

4.6

Location	Addresses	Usage of immovable property	Total Area	Covered Area
Kasur	49-k.m., off Multan Road, Bhai Pheru, Distt. Kasur	Production Unit	52 Kanals and 10 Marlas	47,080 square foot (ft²)



5	CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS	Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
	Plant and machinery		859,549	_
	Buildings		-	146,730
		5.1	859,549	146,730
5.1	Movement in capital work in progress			
	Opening		146,730	3,950,000
	Additions during the year		859,549	789,862
			1,006,279	4,739,862
	Transferred to operating assets	5.2	(146,730)	(4,593,132)
			859,549	146,730
5.2	Transfer to property, plant and equipment a represented by:	ire		
	Buildings		146,730	643,132
	Plant and machinery		-	3,950,000
	•		146,730	4,593,132
6	INTANGIBLE ASSETS Net carrying value			
	Opening net book value		1	2,930,004
	Additions		1	2,330,004
	Amortization charge for the year		_	(2,930,003)
	Net book value			(2,330,003)
	Net book value		<u></u>	1
			8,617,692	8,617,692
			(8,617,691)	(8,617,691)
			(0,017,031)	(0,017,031)
	Amortization rate		33%	33%
	Amortization rate		30 /6	
7	LONG TERM DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMEN	TS		
	Security deposits - Unsecured and consider	red good		
	Utilities		4,661,000	4,661,000
8	STORES AND SPARES			
	General stores		33,241,129	29,408,629
9	STOCK IN TRADE			
	Raw material			
	-Stock at company premises		291,596,282	231,152,584
	-Stock held with third parties	9.1	9,088,284	3,242,166
			300,684,566	234,394,750
	Work in process		275,760,140	299,057,109
	Finished goods		139,233,700	191,876,861
			715,678,406	725,328,720

9.1 Raw materials and components are held by following parties who under an arrangement with the Company, manufacture plastic containers, lids and vent plugs for the Company.

	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
Ultima Technologies	6,860,407	2,091,701
Punjab Plastic	2,076,607	1,150,465
Ultra-Tech-Spares	151,270	-
	9,088,284	3,242,166



	Not		024 pees	2023 Rupees
10 TRADE DEBTS				
Trade debts - Unsecured and considered	good 10.	1 15,	540,818	2,140,553
Dealers - Secured against guarantee che	eques	272,4	100,873	271,811,108
Dealer and Customer Balance		287,	941,691	273,951,661
10.1TRADE DEBTS				
Trade debts include balances due from t	he following re	elated parties	5.	
Millat Tractors Limited	10.2	2 15,	540,818	2,140,553
	202	.4	20	023
10.2 Aging of due from related parties	Neither past due nor impaired	Past due 1-6 months but not impaired	Neither past due nor impaired	Past due 1-6 months but not impaired
Millat Tractors Limited	15,540,818	_	2,140,553	

- 10.3 The maximum aggregate amount receivable from Millat Tractors Limited at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 90,047,208/-. (2022: Rs 49,065,130/-).
- 10.4 The management believes that no impairment / expected credit loss is necessary in respect of trade debts as there are reasonable grounds to believe that amount will be recovered in the future, having being secured against receipt of undated cheques of equal amount and obtained coverage by means of fidelity insurance policy of Rs. 40 million from East West Insurance Co. Limited.

			2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
11	LOANS AND ADVANCES - CONSIDERED O	GOOD		
-	Import in transit - Secured		158,668	3,326,560
***************************************	Advances to suppliers - Unsecured		7,494,500	7,311,041
•	Forced payment of sales tax to FBR	20.1.8	2,439,468	2,439,468
-	Sales Tax Refundable/Adjustable		_	7,907,618
-	Other receivables - unsecured		81,960	40,460
	Insurance claims receivable		6,277,187	488,087
			16,451,783	21,513,234
12	TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM PRE	PAYMENTS		
	Security deposits - Unsecured and consider	red good	2,463,240	2,463,240
13	TAXATION - NET			
	Opening balance		35,486,805	(12,703,411)
-	Add: Taxation - current	28	161,617,522	156,398,473
***************************************			197,104,327	143,695,062
	Less: Tax payments / adjustments during th	e year	(202,662,985)	(108,208,257)
-			(5,558,658)	35,486,805
14	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand		529,110	59,508
	Cash in hand - Imprest account		1,395,783	320,858
***************************************	Cash at bank			
***************************************	- Current account		69,645,215	51,458,219
•	- Deposit account	14.1	79,438,412	77,044,069
	- Running finance facility account	19	1,888,005	11,861,263
			152,896,525	140,743,917

14.1 These carry profit / markup ranging from 16.01% to 18.21% (2023: 9% to 16%) per annum



15	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP SHARE CAPITAL			
	Authorised Capital			
	100,000,000 (2023: 100,000,000) Ordinary shares of R			
	(2023:Rs.10/-) each	1,000,	000,000	110,000,000
	Inner down by a mile of an idea. Control			
	Issued, subscribed and paid up Capital Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each fully paid in cash	102,	957,660	89,528,400
	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each issued as fully paid bonus shares:			
	Opening balance		-	-1
	Bonus Share issued @15% during the year		_	13,429,260
	Closing Balance		_	13,429,260
_	<u> </u>	102,	957,660	102,957,660
15.1	Shares held by the related parties of the Company		-Number of S	hares
	Parent company			
-	Millat Tractors Limited	6,5	98,125	6,598,125
	Directors			
	Mr. Sikandar Mustafa Khan	6	22,437	622,437
	Mr. Sohail Bashir Rana		115,724	-
	Mr. Laeeq uddin Ansari	3	90,425	390,425
	Mr. Muhammad Mustafa Khan		2,875	2,875
	Mr.Muhammad Mustafa Sohail		1,150	1,150
	Mr. Shehryar Ansari		26,450	26,450
	Mr. Qaiser Saleem		227,845	227,845
	Chief Executive Ghulam Mustafa			0 000
	Ghuidhi Musidid		-	3,207
			)24 pees	2023 Rupees
16	DEFERRED TAXATION			
	Deferred tax liability comprises temporary difference	es related to:		
	Taxable temporary differences			-
	Accelerated depreciation for the tax purposes	10	414,101	12,505,050
	receierated depreciation for the tax purposes	10,	#1#,1UI	12,000,000
	Deductible temporary differences			
	Provision for Warranty	(5.9'	78,092)	(5,522,191)
	Net deferred tax liability at the end of the year.		36,009	6,982,859
		Deferred Tax Liability	Deferred Tax Assets Rupees	Net Liability
•	Balance as at July 01, 2022	11,841,208	(4,760,230)	7,080,978
•	Charged to statement of comprehensive	11,0-11,200	(4,700,200)	7,000,070
	income	663,842	(761,961)	(870,403)
	Balance as at June 30, 2023	12,505,050	(5,522,191)	6,982,859
	Charged to statement of comprehensive	12,000,000	(5,522,101)	5,552,555
•	income	(2,090,949)	(455,901)	(2,546,850)
	Balance as at June 30, 2024	10,414,101	(5,978,092)	4,436,009
	· ·			

		Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
17.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Trade creditors		103,024,243	249,398,567
	General suppliers		183,867,145	118,510,232
	Provision for warranty claims	17.1	20,614,110	19,042,037
	Workers' profit participation fund	17.2	23,605,378	23,070,372
	Workers' welfare fund		8,924,908	8,766,742
•	Sales tax payable		13,525,658	_
***************************************	Other payables		2,639,144	12,579,710
			356,200,586	431,367,660
17.1	Provision for warranty claims			
-	Opening balance		19,042,037	16,414,585
-	Claims paid / (payable) during the period	1	(43,404,164)	(38,084,073)
	Charge for the year		44,976,237	40,711,525
	Closing balance		20,614,110	19,042,037
17.2	Workers' profit participation fund			
***************************************	Opening balance		23,070,372	9,724,598
•	Payments made during the year		(23,070,372)	(9,724,598)
	Allocation for the year		23,605,378	23,070,372
	Closing balance		23,605,378	23,070,372
18.	DEPOSITS, ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND	ADVANCES		
***************************************	Accrued liabilities		27,910,805	29,835,782
	Advance from customers	18.1	39,058,978	20,434,296
	Advance from staff	18.2	6,420,346	4,613,379
			73,390,129	54,883,457

- 18.1 These represent amount received in advance from customers against performance obligations / sales made in subsequent periods i.e. sale of batteries, and carry no mark-up and are unsecured.
- 18.2 These represent the amounts received from employees of the Company against the future sale of vehicles as per company policy, these carry no markup and are unsecured.

).	SHORT TERM BORROWING	S	Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
	Limit S	Sanctioned			
	Rs.	in millions			
	From Banking Companies -	Habib Bank Limite	d		
	-Running Finance	200	19.01	_	_
	-Running Finance - LC-DP/DA	200 (140)	19.01 19.02	_	



- 19.1 The Company has obtained running finance facility to finance its working capital requirements from Habib Bank Limited. The rate of mark up during the year has been 3 month KIBOR + 0.40% (2023: 3 month KIBOR + 0.40%). This facility remained un-utilized as at year end.
- 19.02 This facility has been obtained to meet import requirement of the Company. It carries commission as per schedule of charges of the bank. An amount of Rs. 51.44 million was used as at year end.
- 19.03 This facility has been obtained for specific LG favouring SNGPL for industrial gas conection. It carries commission as per schedule of charges of the bank. An amount of Rs. 26.24 million was used as at year end.

The above facilities are secured by first exclusive charge amounting PKR 266.80 million on all present and future current assets of the company with 25% margin, and letter of comfort from parent concern, Millat Tractors Limited. These facilities expires on 31 January 2025.

#### 20 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 20.1 Contingencies

- 20.1.1 Demand of Rs.5,435,953/- was created vide order dated June 29, 2021 u/s 124/129/122 for the year 2013. CIR(A) vide appellate order dated 28 April 2022 has deleted the addition and directed to adjust carried forward refunds against demand as claimed in the return. Appeal effect order has not yet been issued. Prima facie no tax demand is anticipated.
- 20.1.2 Proceedings under section 122(5Å) for the tax year 2015 were finalized by the Additional Commissioner on May 05, 2021, creating a demand of Rs. 17,937,260/-. The Company filed an appeal to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue (Appeals) [CIR(A)], who, on 03-12-2021, deleted the material addition and set aside a partial issue. Based on the appeal effect/re-assessment, a tax liability of Rs. 5,955/- was anticipated. However, the Additional Commissioner created a demand of Rs. 13,403,845/- by disallowing the tax credit under section 65B.The Company has filed a rectification application and an appeal to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue (Appeals) against the Additional Commissioner's order. The CIR(A) deleted the liability of Rs. 13,403,845/-, remanding the case back and directing the assessing officer to re-examine the record and issue a tax credit adjustment as per the law. Prima facie no tax demand is anticipated.
- 20.1.3 Proceeding finalized u/s 122(1)/177 of tax year 2016 vide order dated June 01,2021 creating demand Rs.173,760,920/- The Company had filed appeal to CIR(A) who vide order dated 09.12.2021 deleted the material additions and set aside partial issues. The Company has filed appeal to ATIR against partial set-aside order of CIR(A). On the basis of available records and history of assessment, prima facie the re assessment is expected in favor of the company.
- 20.1.4 Proceeding finalized u/s 122(1)/177/214C of tax year 2017, vide order dated June 25, 2021 creating demand Rs.184,514,562/-. The Company had filed appeal to CIR(A) who vide order dated 03.01.2022 deleted the material additions and set aside partial issues. On the basis of available records and history of assessment, prima facie the re-assessment is expected in favor of the Company. No tax liability is anticipated.

- 20.1.5 Proceedings were finalized under sections 122(1)/177/214C for the tax year 2018, with an order dated 30 Sep, 2022, creating a demand of Rs. 206,768,662/-. The Company filed an appeal to the CIR(A), who, through an order dated 31 March, 2023, deleted the material additions and reduced the demand to Rs. 24,854,038/-, while setting aside partial issues. The Company then appealed to the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal against the decision of the CIR(A). The ATIR, in its order dated 20 March, 2024, remanded the case back, instructing the assessing officer to recheck the company records and pass a speaking order, as no prima facie errors were found in the records. No tax liability is anticipated.
- 20.1.6 Proceedings for the tax year 2019 were finalized under sections 122(1)/177/214C with an order dated 03 Oct, 2022, creating a demand of Rs. 191,459,837/-. The Company appealed to the CIR(A), who, in an order dated 31-05-2023, deleted the material additions, reduced the demand to Rs. 126,041/-, and set aside partial issues. The Company then appealed to the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal against the CIR(A)'s decision. The ATIR, in its order dated 20-03-2024, remanded the case back, directing the assessing officer to recheck the company records and issue a speaking order, as no prima facie errors were found in the records. No tax liability is anticipated.
- 20.1.7 Proceeding finalized u/s 221(1) of tax year 2021, vide order dated 11 Aug,2022 creating demand Rs.3,061,598/-. The Company had filed appeal to CIR(A). Commissioner Appeals vide order dated 23 Aug 2023 remanded it back to assessing officer to credit to taxpayer as per law. On the basis of available records and history of assessment, prima facie the reassessment is expected in favor of the Company. No tax liability is anticipated.
- 20.1.8 The Company received notice from the Directorate of Intelligence and Investigation Federal Board of Revenue (FBR), Karachi on April 28, 2017. In the said notice it was alleged that the Company had purchased goods from a dummy / fake supplier who got registered with the Regional Tax Officers at Karachi and issued fake sales tax invoices to the Company and accordingly the Company has claimed illegal / inadmissible input tax adjustment amounting to Rs 2,439,468. As a result the name of the Company was included in the First Information Report (FIR) No. 678(931)/I&I/IR/KHI(AB-521)/2016/3617 dated 28-04-2017 registered by the Additional Director, Intelligence and Investigation FBR, Karachi. Total demand raised against the Company is Rs. 2,439,468 which the FBR allowed to deposit in two equal instalments of which first instalment of Rs. 1,219,734 was deposited on June 16, 2017 and second Installment of Rs. 1,219,734 was deposited on September 25, 2017 by the Company. The legal advisor of the Company has stated that the Company has "Good case & chances of success are bright".
- 20.1.9 A sales tax audit under section 25 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990, for the period from July 1, 2015, to June 30, 2016, was initiated by the FBR on 03-05-2018. Proceedings were finalized with an order dated 22-03-2019, creating a demand of Rs. 939,033. The Company filed an appeal with the CIR(A) on 15-04-2019, who upheld the sales tax amounting to Rs. 935,613. The Company then appealed to the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue under section 46 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990, which decided the case in favor of the Company. No liability is anticipated.
- 20.1.10 A Sales Tax Audit under section 25(3) of the Sales Tax Act, 1990, for the years 2017-2020 was initiated by the FBR (Inland Revenue) on 14-12-2021. The Company filed writ petition no. 35175/2021 before the Hon'ble Lahore High Court, Lahore, seeking an interlocutory injunction and interim relief against proceedings pursuant to section 25 of the Act. The



Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore, issued an order dated 04-06-2021, suspending the operations of the impugned notices. The appeal is currently pending adjudication before the Honourable Lahore High Court. According to the Company's legal advisor, there is a significant likelihood of a favorable decision for the Company.

20.1.11 The Directorate of Internal Audit – Inland Revenue, Karachi filed the 5th interim challan in the honorable court of the Special Judge of Customs, Taxation, and Anti-Smuggling-Karachi On July 31, 2023. The challan alleges that the Company purchased goods from a dummy or fake supplier, M/s. Premier Metals Industries (Pvt.) Limited (NTN: 4378071-7), who issued fake sales tax invoices. As a result, the Company allegedly claimed illegal and inadmissible input tax adjustments amounting to Rs 124,519,462.

In response, the Company provided all necessary records and submitted a detailed reply stating that they purchased supplies from a Sales Tax Registered Party. Throughout the entire reported period, the concerned party was active on the FBR website. All payments were made via crossed cheques, pay orders, IBFTs, RTGS, and through banking channels in compliance with Section 73 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990. The supplies were genuinely purchased, and no fake invoice business was conducted. The Company has proof of the supplies actually purchased, including weighing slip receipts, gate passes, GRNs, and consumption records.

Furthermore, the FBR issued a withholding tax exemption to the party under Section 153 (4) to not deduct withholding tax under Section 153 1(a) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. During periods when the exemption certificate was not issued, the Company duly deducted and deposited withholding tax under Section 153 1(a) to the Government.

No liability is anticipated as the Company has complied 100% with all relevant provisions of the Sales Tax Act, 1990. The Company's legal advisor also stated that the Company has a strong case with bright chances of success.

20.1.12 The Directorate of Intelligence & Investigation – Inland Revenue, Karachi, issued a notice to the Company on 12-09-2023, and subsequently filed an interim challan with the honorable court of the special judge of customs, taxation, and anti-smuggling in Karachi. The allegation claims that the Company purchased goods from a dummy/fake supplier, M/s. Nasif (Pvt.) Limited, NTN 7309657-1, who issued fake sales tax invoices. Consequently, the Company is accused of claiming illegal/inadmissible input tax adjustments amounting to Rs 134,318,524.

In response, the Company has provided all necessary records and submitted a detailed reply, asserting that the purchases were made from a Sales Tax Registered Party. Throughout the reported period, the concerned party was active on the FBR website. All payments were made through Crossed Cheque, Pay Order, IBFTs, RTGS, and Banking channels, in compliance with Section 73 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990. The supplies were indeed purchased, and there was no involvement in fake invoicing. Evidence supporting the actual purchase of supplies includes Weighing Slip Receipts, Gate Passes, GRNs, and consumption records.

Furthermore, the FBR issued a withholding tax exemption to the party under Section 153 (4), exempting them from withholding tax under Section 153 1(a) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. For periods when the exemption certificate was not issued, the Company duly deducted and deposited withholding tax under Section 153 1(a) with the Government.

The Company maintains that it has fully complied with all relevant provisions of the Sales Tax Act, 1990, and no liability is anticipated. The Company's legal advisor has also stated that the Company has a strong case, and the chances of success are bright.

20.1.13 The Competition Commission of Pakistan imposed a penalty of Rs 1 million on the Company on March 30, 2018, for allegedly engaging in deceptive marketing practices. The Company contested this decision before the Competition Appellate Tribunal in Islamabad, asserting that it was not involved in any deceptive marketing practices. However, on April 17, 2024, the Tribunal upheld the penalty against the Company.

Under the Competition Act of 2010, the Company filed an appeal with the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan. On June 11, 2024, the Supreme Court granted a stay and suspended the impugned judgment of the Competition Appellate Tribunal. The Company's legal advisor believes there is a strong chance of winning the case, and no liability is anticipated.

#### 20.2 Commitments

- 20.2.1 Commitment in respect of outstanding letter of credit amounting to Rs. 51,441,353/- (2023: Rs.38,509,658/-) at the date of financial position.
- 20.2.2 The Company has no other contingencies and commitments as on June 30, 2024.



		Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
21	SALES		_	<del>-</del>
	-Local		4,787,773,889	3,818,322,534
	-Export		275,959,423	247,068,360
			5,063,733,312	4,065,390,894
	-Sales tax		(730,553,702)	(492,719,752)
	-Discount		(604,363,735)	(403,543,877)
				(3,016,227)
	Commission on export sale		(1,673,818)	
22	COST OF GOODS SOLD		3,727,142,057	3,166,111,038
44	Raw material consumed	22.1	0 540 000 407	0 460 407 450
		22.2	2,542,238,437	2,462,407,450
	Salaries, wages and benefits	22.2	145,263,374	128,175,988
	Manufacturing expenses:			
	Fuel and power		143,569,983	125,586,573
	Communication		136,759	244,972
	Stores and spares consumed	22.3	29,218,460	32,675,948
	Warranty claims		46,548,310	40,711,525
	Repair and maintenance		14,098,057	15,824,364
	Insurance		7,294,016	4,619,311
	Traveling and vehicle running		4,947,605	5,095,191
	Freight Charges		4,769,335	3,187,458
	Entertainment		1,509,360	1,262,562
	Depreciation		22,635,706	16,794,224
	Other manufacturing overheads		2,065,778	4,583,535
	<del>-</del>		276,793,369	250,585,663
	Total factory cost		2,964,295,180	2,841,169,101
	Add: Opening work in process		299,057,109	157,271,061
			3,263,352,289	2,998,440,162
	Less: Closing work in process		275,760,140	299,057,109
	Cost of goods manufactured		2,987,592,149	2,699,383,053
	Add: Opening finished goods		191,876,861	18,895,151
	Cost of goods available for sale		3,179,469,010	2,718,278,204
	Less: Closing finished goods		139,233,700	191,876,861
			3,040,235,310	2,526,401,343

		Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
22.1	Raw material consumed			
	Opening stock		231,152,584	141,957,896
	Add: Purchases - net		2,624,354,821	2,569,155,418
			2,855,507,405	2,711,113,314
	Less: Closing stock		291,596,282	231,152,584
			2,563,911,123	2,479,960,730
	Less: Sale of waste material		21,672,686	17,553,280
	Raw material consumed		2,542,238,437	2,462,407,450
22.2	Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs. Fund contributions.	1,295,071/- (2023	: Rs. 888,750/-) in re	espect of Provide
22.3	Stores and spares consumed			
	Opening stock		29,408,629	24,388,009
	Add: Purchases - net		33,050,960	37,696,568
			62,459,589	62,084,577
	Less: Closing stock		33,241,129	29,408,629
	Stores and spares consumed		29,218,460	32,675,948
23				
3	DISTRIBUTION COST			
3	DISTRIBUTION COST  Salaries, wages and benefits	23.1	35,466,019	33,195,486
3		23.1	35,466,019 4,785,666	33,195,486 4,186,219
3	Salaries, wages and benefits	23.1		4,186,219
3	Salaries, wages and benefits Fuel and power	23.1	4,785,666	
3	Salaries, wages and benefits Fuel and power Communication	23.1	4,785,666 320,712	4,186,219 393,380
3	Salaries, wages and benefits Fuel and power Communication Traveling & vehicle running	23.1	4,785,666 320,712 12,869,418	4,186,219 393,380 12,716,272
3	Salaries, wages and benefits Fuel and power Communication Traveling & vehicle running Freight charges	23.1	4,785,666 320,712 12,869,418 23,051,751	4,186,219 393,380 12,716,272 20,208,284
3	Salaries, wages and benefits Fuel and power Communication Traveling & vehicle running Freight charges Advertisement	23.1	4,785,666 320,712 12,869,418 23,051,751 4,235,064	4,186,219 393,380 12,716,272 20,208,284 3,348,449 694,269
3	Salaries, wages and benefits Fuel and power Communication Traveling & vehicle running Freight charges Advertisement Printing and stationery	23.1	4,785,666 320,712 12,869,418 23,051,751 4,235,064 1,442,320	4,186,219 393,380 12,716,272 20,208,284 3,348,449
3	Salaries, wages and benefits Fuel and power Communication Traveling & vehicle running Freight charges Advertisement Printing and stationery Entertainment	23.1	4,785,666 320,712 12,869,418 23,051,751 4,235,064 1,442,320 2,373,239	4,186,219 393,380 12,716,272 20,208,284 3,348,449 694,269 1,764,355
3	Salaries, wages and benefits Fuel and power Communication Traveling & vehicle running Freight charges Advertisement Printing and stationery Entertainment Rent, rates and taxes	23.1	4,785,666 320,712 12,869,418 23,051,751 4,235,064 1,442,320 2,373,239 1,791,196	4,186,219 393,380 12,716,272 20,208,284 3,348,449 694,269 1,764,355 1,997,094

23.1 Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs. 771,461/- (2023: Rs. 557,442/-) in respect of Provident Fund contributions.

24	ADMINISTRATION AND GENERAL EXPENSES	3		
	Salaries, wages and benefits		58,198,336	46,787,556
	Director meeting fee	24.1	4,750,000	3,400,000
	Fuel and power		11,166,554	9,767,844
	Communication		1,028,023	1,130,880
-	Traveling and vehicle running		19,528,730	16,200,435
	Printing and stationery		269,612	272,261
	Newspapers and periodicals		9,860	9,360
	Repairs and maintenance		271,302	1,115,336
	Security expenses		7,326,292	5,045,272

87,451,667

100,686,714



	Note	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
Legal and professional charges		6,165,569	2,885,611
Auditors' remuneration	24.2	665,000	630,000
Entertainment		3,140,607	2,520,242
Rent, rates and taxes		154,167	152,167
Fee and subscription		3,281,125	8,847,619
Insurance		2,128,306	2,012,537
Depreciation		2,144,430	2,028,419
Amortization of intangible assets		_	2,930,003
Other expenses		2,073,247	1,717,372
		122,301,160	107,452,914

24.1 Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs. 944,612/- (2023: Rs. 677,735/-) in respect of Provident Fund contributions.

24.2	Auditors' remuneration		
	Annual audit fee	565,000	565,000
	Out of pocket	100,000	65,000
	Out of pocket	665,000	630,000
25.	OTHER INCOME	663,000	
	Income from financial assets:		
	Interest Income	11,180,311	12,515,821
	Income from assets other than financial assets:		12,010,021
	Misc. income	1,050,743	2,041,414
	Cash Dividend - Mutual Fund	-	2,589,329
	Capital Gain or Loss	_	998,185
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	_	1,081,102
	diam on any own or property, praint and equipment	12,231,054	19,225,851
26.	FINANCE COST		
	Bank charges	4,042,358	2,623,516
	·	4,042,358	2,623,516
17	OTHER CHARGES		
27.		00 005 070	00 070 070
	Workers' profit participation fund Workers' welfare fund	23,605,378	23,070,372
	workers wellare fund	8,924,908 32,530,286	8,766,742 31,837,114
28.	TAXATION		
	For the year		
	-Current	161,617,522	156,398,473
	-Deferred	(2,546,850)	(98,119)
		159,070,672	156,300,354
	Prior Years		
	-Current	2,309,538	-
		2,309,538	-
		161,380,210	156,300,354

28.1 Numerical reconciliation between average effective tax rate and the applicable tax rate.

	Percentage (%)	Percentage (%)
Applicable tax rate	29.00	29.00
Effect of change in prior year	0.53	-
Income chargeable to tax at different rates	(0.12)	(0.10)
Others	7.30	5.88
	7.71	5.78
	36.71	34.78

28.2 The provision for current year tax represent tax on taxable income at the rate of 29% (2023: 29%) on income under normal tax regime, @1% on income under final tax regime; and super tax under section 4C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. According to management, the tax provision made in the financial statements is sufficient. Income tax return has been filed to the income tax authorities up to and including tax year 2023 under the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

#### 29 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	Chief E	xecutive	Directors		Execu	ıtives
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
				Rs		
Remuneration	11,118,073	7,766,493	-	-	42,520,324	20,678,916
Medical	282,868	158,477	-	-	1,584,000	743,600
Reimbursement expenses	3,514,475	2,080,128	-	-	7,357,007	4,088,407
LFA/ Bonus	2,876,128	2,760,300	-	-	17,453,962	3,785,731
Contribution to provident fund	-	-			1,872,003	556,896
Utilities	550,857	426,077	-	-	3,684,412	2,304,660
	18,342,401	13,191,475	-	-	74,471,708	32,158,210
Number of person	1	1	-	-	12	5

29.1 The Chief Executive Officer has been provided with Company maintained vehicle for official as well as personal use.

			2024	2023
30	EARNING PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	Note	Rupees	Rupees

#### 30.1 Basic earnings per share

Earnings per share has been computed by dividing profit after taxation for the year by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year as follows:

	278,197,073	273,269,98
15	10,295,766	10,295,76
	15	15 10,295,766

#### 30.2 Diluted earnings per share

The Company has not issued any instrument carrying options which would have a dilutive impact on earnings per share when exercised therefore, the earnings per share and diluted earings per share remained the same.



		Note	2024 Rupees	I	2023 Rupees
31	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
-	Cash and cash equivalents included in the sta	tement of co	ısh flows co	mprise of th	e following
	statement of financial position amounts:				
	Cash and bank balances	14	152,896,	525 14	10,743,917
31.1	Reconciliation of liabilities arising from finance	ing activitie	S		
-	PARTICULARS	As at June	Non Cash	Cash	As at June
	PANTICULANS	30, 2023	Changes	flows	30, 2024
-			RUPE	ES	
-	Un claimed dividend	6,671,767	1,396,815	(5,735,541)	2,333,041
	Dividend payable	-	131,421,860	(131,421,860)	-
	Zakat Payable		186,738	(186,738)	-
	I.Tax Payable U/s 150		23,536,293	(23,536,293)	-
	Total liabilities from financing activities	6,671,767	156,541,706	(160,880,432)	2,333,041

#### 32 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

	INTEREST	/ MARK UP B	EARING	NON INTERE	ST / MARK-U	P BEARING	TOTAL	
DESCRIPTION	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub Total	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub Total	2024	2023
					Rs			
FINANCIAL ASSETS								
				0.400.040		0.400.040		0.400.040
Trade Deposits				2,463,240		2,463,240	2,463,240	2,463,240
Trade debts	-	-	-	287,941,691	-	287,941,691	287,941,691	273,951,661
Loan & Advances		-		6,359,147	-	6,359,147	6,359,147	528,547
Bank balances	79,438,412	-	79,438,412	71,533,220	-	71,533,220	150,971,632	140,363,551
	79,438,412	-	79,438,412	368,297,298	-	368,297,298	447,735,710	417,306,999
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES								
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	347,275,678	-	347,275,678	347,275,678	422,600,918
Deposits, accrued liabilities								
and advances	_	_	_	27,910,805	_	27,910,805	27,910,805	29,835,782
Unclaimed Dividend				2,333,041		2,333,041	2,333,041	6,671,767
	-	-	-	377,519,524	-	377,519,524	377,519,524	459,108,467
Off - balance sheet financial instruments								
Guarantees	-	-	-	26,242,183	-	-	26,242,183	26,242,183
	-		-	26,242,183		-	26,242,183	26,242,183

#### 32.1 Financial Instruments and Financial risk management

The Company's activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks namely credit risk, interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and liquidity risk. Overall, risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are limited. Risk management is carried out by the Board of Directors (the Board). The Board provides for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas in the following manner:

#### 32.1.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties failed completely to perform as contracted. The Company is exposed to a concentration of credit risk on its trade debts amounting to Rs.287,941,691/- (2023: Rs. 273,951,661/-). However, this risk is mitigated by applying individual credit limits, fidelity insurance cover and by securing the majority of trade debts against post dated cheques.

#### 32.1.2 Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will effect the value of financial instruments. The Company has no significant long-term interest-bearing assets. The Company's interest rate risk arises from short term borrowings.

	2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
At the balance sheet date the interest rate profile of t	he Company's interest	bearing financial
instruments was:		-
Fixed rate instruments:		
Financial assets		
Bank balances - deposit accounts	_	=
Short term investments	-	_
Floating rate instruments:		
Financial assets		-
Bank balances - deposit accounts	79,438,412	77,044,069

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rate at the balance sheet date would not affect profit or loss of the Company.

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

If interest rates, at the year end date, fluctuates by 1% higher / lower with all other variables held constant, profit after taxation for the year would have been Rs 794,384 lower / higher (2023: 770,441) respectively. This analysis is prepared assuming the amounts of floating rate instruments outstanding at balance sheet dates were outstanding for the whole year.

#### 32.1.3 Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk arises mainly where the receivables and payables exist due to transactions with foreign undertakings. The Company is not subject to any foreign exchange risk against receivables as export sales are made on advance payments. The Company is, however, exposed to foreign exchange risk in respect of imports which are settled on the date when documents relating to letter of credit in respect of imports are received by bank. Out of financial assets and liabilities, no amount has been converted from foreign currency into local currency for reporting purposes.

#### 32.1.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulties in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and bank balances and availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. The Company aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available. At year end, the Company has Rs. 200 million (2023: Rs. 200 million) available borrowing limits from financial institutions and Rs.152,896,525/- (2023: Rs.140,743,917/-) cash and bank balances.



Financial liabilities in accord	tanco unth thoir	contractival	maturities are	procented below:
Financial liabilities in accord	idiice willi liieli	COMMUNICIAL	mainines are	Dieseilled Deiow.
				F

		2024	
	Carrying	Contractual	Less than 1
	amount	cash flows	year
		Rs	
Trade and other payables	347,275,678	347,275,678	347,275,678
Deposits, accrued liabilities and advances	27,910,805	27,910,805	27,910,805
Unclaimed Dividend	2,333,041	2,333,041	2,333,041
	377,519,524	377,519,524	377,519,524

		2023	
	Carrying	Contractual	Less than 1
	amount	cash flows	year
		Rs	
Trade and other payables	422,600,918	422,600,918	422,600,918
Deposits, accrued liabilities and advances	29,835,782	29,835,782	29,835,782
Unpaid dividend	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	-
Unclaimed Dividend	6,671,767	6,671,767	6,671,767
	459,108,467	459,108,467	459,108,467

#### 32.2. Capital Risk Management

The Company's prime objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its business. The capital structure of the Company is mainly equity based with minimal level of financing. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debts. The gearing ratio as at years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023 are as follows:-

	2024	2023
	Rs.	Rs.
Net debt / (Surplus)	_	_
Total Equity	958,820,995	835,060,412
Total Capital	958,820,995	835,060,412
Gearing Ratio	0%	0%

#### 32.3. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values.

#### 33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Amounts due from and due to related parties are shown under Note 10.1 of the financial statements. Remuneration of directors and key management personnel is disclosed in Note 29. Other significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

			2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
	Relation with the Company	Nature of transaction		
	Holding Company	Sales of goods	690,609,059	552,721,653
	Associated Companies	Sales of goods	_	70,184
	Staff Provident Fund	Provident Fund Contribution	3,011,144	2,123,927
33.1	Following are the related parameter have arrangement / agreement	rties with whom the Company ent in place:	had entered into	transactions or
	Name of the Entity	Basis of Relationship	Description	
	Millat Tractors Limited	Holding Company	64% Shareholdin	.g
	Millat Equipment Limited	Associated Company	Common Directo	
	Bolan Casting Limited	Associated Company	Common Directo	
	MIPL Staff Provident Fund	Staff Provident Fund	Staff	
	The Company intends to tak shareholders in General Med	e the approval of the transact eting.	ions with related	parties from the
34	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES		2024	2023
	Total number of employees (in as at June 30 2024	ncluding contractual labour)	249	269
	Total number of factory empl	oyees (including contractual		
	labour) as at June 30 2024		244	259
	Average number of employee contractual labour)	es during the year (including	257	271
	Average number of factory (including contractual labour)		252	261
35	CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION  The actual production capacity of the plant cannot be determined as it depends on the proportion of different types of batteries produced which varies in relation to the consumer's demand. The actual production during the year was according to market demand. During the year, the actual production capacity attained was 291,985 batteries (Standard 15: plates 232,038 batteries) compared with (2023: 300,070 standard 15: plates 246,622 batteries) against annual manufacturing capacity of 360,000 (2023: 330,000) standard 15 plates batteries  There has been low market demand of batteries which lead to under utilization of production capacity.			
	demand. The actual production year, the actual production cap batteries) compared with (202 manufacturing capacity of 360.  There has been low market defined by the compared with the compared	on during the year was accord pacity attained was 291,985 bat 23: 300,070 standard 15: plates 0,000 (2023: 330,000) standard	ing to market den teries (Standard 1 246,622 batteries) 15 plates batteries	and. During the 5: plates 232,038 against annual
36	demand. The actual production year, the actual production cap batteries) compared with (202 manufacturing capacity of 360.  There has been low market decapacity.	on during the year was accord pacity attained was 291,985 bat 23: 300,070 standard 15: plates 0,000 (2023: 330,000) standard demand of batteries which lead	ing to market den teries (Standard 1 246,622 batteries) 15 plates batteries	and. During the 5: plates 232,038 against annua
36	demand. The actual production year, the actual production cap batteries) compared with (202 manufacturing capacity of 360.  There has been low market decapacity.  DISCLOSURES RELATING TO	on during the year was accord pacity attained was 291,985 bat 23: 300,070 standard 15: plates 0,000 (2023: 330,000) standard demand of batteries which lead	ing to market dem teries (Standard 1 246,622 batteries) 15 plates batteries I to under utilization	and. During the 5: plates 232,038 against annual on of production
36	demand. The actual production year, the actual production cap batteries) compared with (202 manufacturing capacity of 360.  There has been low market decapacity.  DISCLOSURES RELATING TO Size of the fund	on during the year was accord pacity attained was 291,985 bat 23: 300,070 standard 15: plates 0,000 (2023: 330,000) standard demand of batteries which lead	ing to market dem teries (Standard 1 246,622 batteries) 15 plates batteries I to under utilization 36,228,435	and. During the 5: plates 232,038 against annual on of production 27,206,067
36	demand. The actual production year, the actual production cap batteries) compared with (202 manufacturing capacity of 360.  There has been low market decapacity.  DISCLOSURES RELATING TO	on during the year was accord pacity attained was 291,985 bar 23: 300,070 standard 15: plates 0,000 (2023: 330,000) standard demand of batteries which lead D PROVIDENT FUND	ing to market dem teries (Standard 1 246,622 batteries) 15 plates batteries I to under utilization	and. During the 5: plates 232,038 against annual on of production



		2024 Rupees	2023 Rupees
36.1.	Break up of investments		
	Special accounts in a scheduled bank	9,598,107	1,917,748
	Term finance certificates	16,500,000	16,500,000
		26,098,107	18,417,748
36.2.	% age of investments made in terms of the size of the fund		
	Special accounts in a scheduled bank	26%	7%
	Term finance certificates	46%	61%
		72%	68%

36.3. The figures for 2024 and 2023 are based on the audited financial statements of the provident fund. Investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017, and the rules formulated for this purpose.

#### 37. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS

All significant transactions and events that have affected the Company's financial position and performance during the year have been adequately disclosed in the notes to these financial statements.

#### 38. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

There has been no significant re-classifications or rearrangement of corresponding figures in these financial statements.

#### 39. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

The Board of Directors has proposed the payment of dividend of Rs.7 per share (2023: Rs 15 per share) on the ordinary share capital of the Company in their meeting held on September 02,2024.

40. These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on September 02,2024.

#### 41. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

Chief Executive

Director

## Proxy Form

### 23<sup>rd</sup> Annual General Meeting

I /	We			
of.			being a member of Millat Ind	ustrial Products Limited
αn	d holder of	Ordinary	y shares as per Shares Register Fo	olio No
he	reby appoint _	of	or failing him/her	
of		or failing him / her	of as n	ny proxy to vote for me
αn	d on my behal	f at the Annual General M	eeting of the Company to be held	d on Friday, October 18,
20	24 at 11:45 a.n	n. at Company's Registere	ed Office, 8.8 km Sheikhupura Ro	oad, Lahore and at any
αd	journment the	reof.		
Siç	gned this	day of	2024.	
Wi	tness:			
1.	Signature:_			
	Name:			Please affix
	Address: _			Rupees fifty revenue stamp
	CNIC or			(Signature should agree
	Passport No:		-	with the specimen signature registered with the Company)
2.	Signature:_			
	Name:			
	_			
	CNIC or	·		
	Passport No:		-	

#### Important:

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting of the Company is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. No person shall act as a proxy who is not a member of the Company except that a corporation may appoint a person who is not a member.
- 2. The instrument appointing a proxy should be signed by the member(s) or by his / her attorney duly authorized in writing. If the member is a corporation, its common seal should be affixed to the instrument.
- 3. This Proxy Form, duly completed, must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office, 8.8 km Sheikhupura Road, Lahore, not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.



# تشكيل نيابت دارى 23دال سالاندا جلاس عام

ملت انڈسریل پروڈ کٹس لمیٹٹہ			م <i>یں اہم</i> ساکن -
·			ر رکن وحا <sup>ص</sup>
	ساكن	— ساکن — پابصورت دیگر	
8 کلومیٹر شیخو بورہ روڈ	ِن، بمقام  رجسروُ   آفس 8.	عبگه بروز جمعرات مورخه 18 اکتوبر 2024 ء بوتت 11:45 بجے د	کو اینی
·		ں منعقد یا ملتوی ہونے والے سالا نہ اجلاسِ عام میں رائے دہندگی کے لئے ا	
2024	و تخط کئے گئے مور خہ _		
		:	گوامان:
			1
براہ کرم بچاس روپے مالیت		نام:	
راہ مرا پیچا کاروپے ہایت کے ریونیوٹکٹ چسیا کریں۔	وستخط	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	
•		سى اين آئی سى يا پاسپورٹ نمبر:	
( دستخط سمپنی میں درج نمونہ کے دستخط کے مطابق ہونے چاہئے )		وستخط:	2
		نام:	
		پية:	
		سی این آئی سی یا پاسپورٹ نمبر:	

#### و ك:

- ا۔ پراکسی کا کمپنی کاممبر ہونالازی ہے،البتہ کارپوریشن ایک ایٹے خص کونتخب کرسکتی ہے جوممبر نہ ہو۔
  - . ۲۔ ضروری ہے کہ فارم برائے منتخب پراکسی دستخطاشدہ ہوممبرسے یا اُس کے وکیل ہے۔
- س۔ پراکسی کے مؤثر ہونے کے لئے لازم ہے کہ وہ اجلاس سے کم از کم 48 گھنے قبل کمپنی کو اُس کے رجٹر ڈ آفس 8.8 کلومیٹر شیخو پورہ روڈ لا ہور پر موصول ہوں۔

## **Electronic Transmission Consent**

Pursuant to the allowance granted through SRO 787(I)/2014 of September 08, 2014, by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, the Company can circulate its annual balance sheet and profit and loss accounts, auditors' report and directors' report etc. ("Audited Financial Statements") along with the Company's Notice of Annual General Meeting through email to its shareholders. Those shareholders who wish to receive the Company's Annual Report via email are requested to provide a completed consent form to the Company Secretary.

PLEASE NOTE THAT RECEIPT OF THE ANNUAL REPORT VIA EMAIL IS OPTIONAL AND NOT COMPULSORY.

## **Electronic Transmission Consent Form**

The Company Secretary,			
Dated:			
8.8 km Sheikhupura Road,			
Lahore.			
Pursuant to the directions give	en by the Securities and Exch	ange Commission of Pa	kistan through
its SRO 787(I)/2014 of Septe	ember 08, 2014, I, Mr./Mrs.		S/o,D/o,W/o
•			<del></del>
	-		
hereby consent to have Millat I	ndustrial Products Limited's c	rudited financial stateme	ents and Notice
of Annual General Meeting de	alivored to mo via		
of Affiliadi General Meeting de	invered to life vid		
email on my email address pr	ovided below:		
Name	of	Member	/
			,
Shareholder			
Folio Number			
Г ч т 11			
Email Address			
It is stated that the above me Company in writing of any cl delivery of the Company's aud	hange in my email address	or withdrawal of my co	nsent to email
Signature of the Member / Sha	areholder		



# اظهار رضامندی بابت ترسیل برق روی

سکیورٹیزائیڈا بھیجنج کمیشن آف پاکستان کے ایس آراو 2014/(۱) 787مور خد 8 ستمبر 2014 کے بموجت سہولت مہیا گی گئی ہے کہ کمپنی اپنی سالانہ بیلنس شیٹ اور نقع ونقصان کے گوشوار ہے محاسب ونظمہ کی مرتب کردہ اطلاعائی معلومات (پڑتال شدہ مالیاتی حسابات) بشمول سالا نہ اجلاس عام کی اطلاع ایسٹے اور نقع ونقصان کے گوشوار ہے محاسب ونظمہ کی مرتب کردہ اطلاعائی معلومات (پڑتال شدہ مالیاتی حسابات) بشمول سالانہ اجلاس عام کی اطلاع ایسٹے جھسے یا فتھاں کو بذریعہای میل حاصل کرنے کے خواہشمند ہیں ان سے التماس ہے کہ کیمیل شدہ رضامندی کے فارم کمپنی سیکرٹری کو مہیا کریں۔

یادد ہانی رہے کہ سالاندر بورٹ کی بذر بعدای میل وصولی اختیاری ہے، لازم نہیں ہے۔

# اظهار رضامندي بابت ترسيل برق روى فارم

کمپنی سیکرٹری تاریخ: 8.8 کلومیٹر شیخو پورہ روڈ ، لا ہور

سیکیورٹیزاینڈائیچنج کمیشن آف پاکستان کےالیس آراو 2014/(۱) 787مورخہ 8 ستمبر2014 کی تعمیل کرتے ہوئے میں مسمی/مساة ولدیت/زوجیت

ملت انڈسٹریل پروڈ کیٹش کمیٹڈ کے پڑتال شدہ مالیاتی گوشوارےاور سالا نہ اجلاس عام کی اطلاع بذریعہ ای میل مندرجہ ذیل ای میل ہے پر حاصل کرنا چاہتا/ چاہتی ہوں

ممبر احصص دار کانام: فولیونمبر: ای میل انڈریس:

ہرگا واقر ارکیا جاتا ہے کہ مندرجہ بالامعلومات سیح اور درست ہیں اور یہ کہ میں کمپنی کو تحریری طور پرای میل ایڈرس میں تبدیلی یابذر بعیدای میل کمپنی کے پڑتال شدہ حسابات اور سالا نہ اجلاس عام کی اطلاع کی وصولی یامنسوخی کے بارے میں مطلع کروں گا۔

ممبر احصص دار کے دستخط:

